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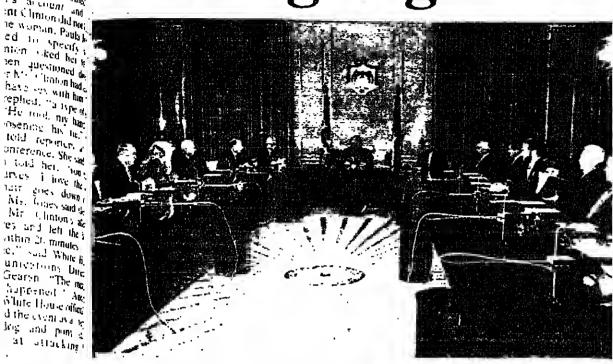
MOGADISHU (AFP) - Two Italian aid workers were abducted at gunpoint and an Egyptian soldier was shot dead in Somalia on Sunday amid renewed clan fighting and mounting lawlessness as U.S. and other Western forces withdraw (see page 10). The two Italians, Sergio Passadore of the European agricultural training consonium (Cefa Cosorzio Europeo di Formazione Agraria) and Gianfranco Stefani of the SOS international aid agency, were kidnapped by armed men as they returned to Jawhar, about 100 kilometres north of Mogadishu, from Timir village, 10 kilometres due nonh, aid workers said. Their abductions brought to five the number of foreigners who have been seized in the past week. Another Italian aid worker was kidnapped and released after 24 hours last week, and two British members of parliament were also held for 24 hours in the self-proclaimed Somaliland republic in north-west Somalia. Cefa received a telex "from a group of gunmen who demanded a ransom" in return for freeing the two, said Mario Benassi, chief of the organisation. However, he did not reveal the exact sum demanded by the gunmen.

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AMMAN MONDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1994, RAMADAN 4, 1414

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King urges citizens to be alert and vigilant



His Majesty King Hussein Sunday meets with the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Upper House ment (Petra photo)

Group with past record behind Maaytah killing Small group with foreign links is behind local sabotage

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein said Sunday the assassination of Jordanian diplomat Naveh Intran Maaytalt in Beirut was carried out by a group acting upon its leader who is based in an Arab capital and the group had recard of attacking Jordanian di-

The King, who made the omnients in a meeting with members of the Foreign Relations Committee of the Upper House of Parliament, did not name the group or the Arah capital, but the reference was believed to be the Fateli Revulutionary Council (FRC) led by noturious Abu Nidal, The group staged several attacks against Jordanian diplomats

Addressing the senators, the King also said "a small group" with foreign links was responsible for the recent explasions and sabutage in Jurdan.

There are certain parties and circles trying to reach and influence nur youth who are in a vulnerable position, the King said. The influenced youth, he said, are goaded into commining crimes" and "the parties and circles" which "seek to reach the weak as well as the strong points of our people - our religion and

"Such acts have no connection whatsoever with nur religion and faith," said the King. "We have warned against such attempts to distort our taith and our Islam, and we have otten called fur action to prevent matters from getting out of hand or beyond reason.

In a clear warning to hardfine preachers, the King said the mosque pulpits should not he "exploited by anyone for any purpose unrelated to our faith ar religion." "The pulpits are for those

who helong to the Prophet." he said, "Our Islam, with its purity and clarity, is the religian of tolerance and modera-

"Instigating people to kill and cummit crimes cannot be conduned and there is a need to warn that a small group of people who has infiltrated the public's ranks to cause harm to the whole country and undermine Jordan's achievements."

The King vuiced high appreciation for the security forces for their vigilance. They "lived upto the expectations by fuiling acts of subotage," he said. Details of the plots against security will be released after investigations are completed.

The King called an the citizens "to be alert and vigilant at this crucial stage and to consulidate cohesian and abort such actions cummitted by people, who have connections abroad, even guing beyand the Arah and Islamic World,"

the King added.

The King said Lebanese President Elias Hrawi had in-

formed him on the results of the investigations into the Jan. 29 assassination of Mr. Maaytah and that all those involved in the killing were apprehended and would face trial in Lehanon.

The King thanked Lebauese authorities, who, he said. worked in conjunction with the Syrian and Jordanian authorities to uncover the perpetrators of the assassmation. All details of the case will be announced in due course, the

King said. On the regional trent, the King said Jordan bad resisted "priiposals and attempts to persuade (it)" to sign a peace

Continued on page 5)

France hopes Jerusalem will be sure and one discussed during interim period

By Nermeen Murad Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — French Foreign Minister Alain Juppe said Sunday his country hoped that the "legal status" of the Holy City of Jerusalem would be discussed during the interim period of Palestinian autonomy rather than final status negotiations. "We have a responsibility towards the holy places (in Jerusalem) historically," Mr. luppe told a press conference

Sunday, adding that "we hope that the legal status of Jerusalem can be discussed during the interim period" and not in final status taiks. tions were accepted by Israel back in 1991 on the condition that the issue of Jerusalem be

Middle East peace negotiadeferred till final-status talks despite repeated efforts by Palestinians and other Arab parties to resolve the issue of

By Ayman Al Safadi Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - The Lower

House of Parliament Sunday

rejected a contestation of the

election results in Al Kourah

and the northern Jordan Val-

ley upon the recommendation of a special panel that was set

up to study the challenge.

that the House reject the con-

testation after it "became con-

vinced that (it) is groundless."

lenged the results of the Nov. g polls in Al Koorah on the

grounds that a typographical

mistake cost him some votes,

that a relative of Deputy

Hatem Al Gzawi was present

at the ballot-counting centre.

Mijhem Zbeidi had chal-

The panel recommended

the Holy City along other territories occupied by Israel in

Palestinians have grudgingly accepted the delay in negotiations over Jerusalem until final status talks but have repeatedly said that they would not accept a final settlement without Jerusalem.

Israel "annexed" East Jerusalem immediately after the 1967 war and claimed the city as its "eternal capital."

His Majesty King Hussein. who severed legal and administrative ties with the Israelioccupied West Bank in 1988, has maintained Awgaf (religious) links with the Holy City for fear of creating a "sovereignty vacuum" during interim talks.

Mr. Juppe, in his remarks to the press before leaving Amman to the Nabatean city of Petra on a private visit Sunday. welcomed last week's Israel-

House rejects contestation of

Al Kourah parliamentary polls

The House panel said it carefully reexamined the bal-

lots of the Al Kourah consti-

tuency and concluded that the

results of the polls were accu-

rate. But it found that the

president of the election com-

mittee in the constituency had

"violated election regulations"

by not allowing candidates into

the ballot counting centres

although all candidates

elections results have been pre-

sented to the Honse, which

referred the challenges to spe-

cial committees set up for the

purpose. The rejection of the

results in the Al Kourah consti-

tuency was the first House

decision on the contestations.

Other committees have not

presented their reports to the

Thirteen contestarions of the

accepted the procedure."

Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) accord on security arrangements for Palestinian

But he said that Israel must stick to a timetable on withdrawal and transfer of power provided for in the Palestinian-Israeli autonomy agreement signed in Washington in September.

"It is true the (security) accord did not solve all problems but it is a positive step in the process," Mr. Juppe said at the end of a 24-hour visit to Jordan, part of a Middle East Israel later on Sunday and to Gaza on Tuesday.

"But most importantly, the timetable has to be respected in order not to upset the process... and strengthen the opponents of peace," he said.

(Continued on page 3)

During its three-hour ses-

sion, the House endorsed a

draft law on a financial pro-

tocol with France. Under the

protocol, France would pro-

vide Jordan with a soft loan of

80 million French francs (JD 14

million) to finance the purch-

ase of French goods and ser-vices for a number of specified

The loan will be paid over a

Islamic Action Front (IAF)

20-year-period with a 10-year

grace and carries an interest of

Deputy Hammam Saeed

argued that the House should

vote down the protocol be-

cause it is "usurous" and in-

creases the foreign debts of the

Deputy Jamal Saraireh said

projects.

one per cent.



Medics evacuate an injured Israeli undercover agent shot in an attack on Sunday claimed by

Shaath sees less difficult talks

CAIRO (Agencies) — A new round of Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) talks will tackle a long list of issues to seal a final Palestinian self-rule agreement, PLO negotiator Nabil Shaath said Sunday.

But be said the hard work had already been done.

"In terms of size, what remains represents 90 per cent of the agreement but only 25 per cent in terms of difficulty, Mr. Shaath told Reuters.

He said the aim of the talks, which will resume Monday in the Red Sea resort of Taba, would be to finish off the security procedures and draw

up the final agreement. Dr. Shaath said 10 points had been referred to Taba, including security of the coasts, sea and air, the use of Palestinian radio and television, the transfer of electricity, the water authority, regional planning for land and environment

Negotiators must also reach agreement on the final form of the Palestinian security authority, how many members and what wcapons it will have. "All these points have been discussed in Taba but that have

and a legal protocol.

more negotiations on that," he

Israel and the PLO signed partial agreements on security in Cairo on Wednesday but, Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin said a final accord on implementing Palestinian selfrule government in the Gaza Strip and the West Bank town of Jericho could take another

montb. The agreement gives Israel overall control of border posts and effectively a veto over who enters Gaza and the Jericho

According to the Israel-PLO declaration of principles signed in September, the withdrawal was to begin on Dec. 13 but disagreements over security arrangements have delayed it.

"The agreement that we signed on the declaration that we announced in Cairo was a Palestinian-Israeli delegation that we are moving towards reaching a solution," Dr. Shaath said.

The Israeli army is ready and waiting on the word to begin its withdrawal.

"As soon as the governmen. gives the order, we will start the withdrawal," an Israeli military spokesman said. Military officials said plan-

Members of Parliament en-

joy immunity against prosecu-

tion while the legislature is in

session. But a two-third major-

ity vote could strip a deputy of

ning is complete for "Opera-tion Rainbow" which will see troops pulled out of Jericho and redeployed in Gaza.

Dr. Shaath said the size of the Jericho area would be decided by Mr. Arafat and Mr. Rabin when they meet. He doubted the size of Jericho would be much more than 55 square kilometres.

"The most difficult stage has already passed. The difficult issues - external security, the security of the Jewish settlers - bave been solved," he said.

The sensitivity in the points left to discuss is less. This makes it easier to reach a quick agreement." 'If things move quickly and

there has been an achievement in two weeks then the Arafat-Rabin meeting could take place." he said. The Palestinian People's

Party, one of the three PLO factions which supported the Oslo peace accord, rejected on Sunday the Cairo deal.

The ex-communist group, which backed the Sept. 13 declaration of principles along with Mr. Arafat's Fateh and Yasser Abed Rabbo's faction, urged the PLO's Executive Committee to throw out the deal signed last Wednesday.

Israeli secret agent killed, two wounded

RAMALLAH, occupied West Bank (Agencies) — Assailants suspected to be Palestinians killed an undercover Israeli agent and wounded two others in an attack on their car in the occupied West Bank on Sunday, a military spokesman

Two men riddled the car with 40 bullets at point-blank range as the three members of the Shin Beth internal security service headed for a house in Ramallah.

The wounded men were taken to hospital in Jerusalem, where one of them later died.

Troops combed the area for the attackers, who escaped in a car later found abandoned. and the village of Baytuniya near Ramallah was put under

Izzedine Al Qassam, the armed wing of Islamic Resistance Movement Hamas. claimed responsibility for the shooting in an anonymous telephone call to an international

news agency in Jerusalem. The Israeli commander for the region, General Danny Yatom, later visited the scene of the shooting, military offi-

cials said. "We send this military operation as congratulations to the Palestinian people on (the Holy Month of) Ramadan, the anonymous caller said.

Palestinians killed two

Arabs they suspected of aiding Israel in the Gaza Strip and militants shot and wounded three Israelis in the West Bank, Israeli and Palestinian

sources said Sunday. Palestinian sources said the main Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) faction Fatch claimed responsibility for the killing of Ayman Fawzi Mobareb, 27, from Rafah. Hamas claimed the killing of Khader Al Drimly who was found dead in Gaza City on Saturday.

Two more Palestinians were found dead in Gaza streets over the weekend but no group claimed responsibility for them.

Israeli Finance Minister Avraham Sbochat meanwhile binted that after implementation of Palesnnian autonomy Israel may cut the number of Palestinians allowed to work in

"We did not rule out people crossing over in order to work in Israel...," Mr. Shochat said

on Israel Radio. "We only told them in the clearest terms that it would be linked to periodic examinations and the security issue .. and the condition of the Israeli economy," Mr. Shochat said on Israel Radio. Over 50,000 Palestinians

(Continued on page 3)

and that candidates were de-(Continued on page 3) not been finalised. We need nied access to these centres. Toujan Faisal accuses fellow deputy of 'insult and assault'

By Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter AMMAN — Jordan's only elected female member of Pared the French tehn liament, Toujan Faisal, on Sunday accused fellow Deputy of England had Jamai Kreisha of "slander, defamation and assault" and said she was planning to sue the Parliamentarian.

es and hangles prayers, dull eff Ms. Faisal, 44, said Mr. red its failure lulis Kreisha "swore" at her and olicy, the papers
olicy the papers
obishop also sudif "insulted" her Circassian community and threw an ashtray at her after a heated exchange lly, the Church of during a meeting of a parliamentary committee on

from wholeseme and that plaint "Such action cannot be wards sexuality 6: allowed to go unnoticed because it sets a dangerous precedent," Ms. Faisal, a fiery activist for civil rights who became the Kingdom's first female member of the Lower House of Parliament in the Nov. 8. 1993 elections.

"If my fellow deputies sit back while one of their ranks ridicules democracy, then we are in trouble," Ms. Faisal told reporters.

She expressed hope that her colleagues in the 80-member House would take a stand against Mr. Kreisha.

Sources close to the former television talk-show hostess and crusader against martial law which was lifted in Jordan in 1990-92 said she was seeking

to lift Mr. Kreisha's parliamentary immunity so that he could be prosecuted.

Mr. Kreisha was not immediately available for comment. Repeated messages left at his residence went unanswered.

According to Ms. Faisal, who said she had "12 witnesses to the incident," the row developed during a meeting of the House's five-member committee to review contestations filed by candidates who lost in

the November elections. The subject of martial law came up during the discussions, and Mr. Kreisha "said he wished martial law had not been lifted and that it was

democracy which had undermined the well-being of Jor-dan," according to Ms. Faisal, who has been involved in a running conflict with hardline Islamists since her first failed bid to enter Parliament in 1989

"I expressed surprise that of parliament, should harbour such feelings," said Ms. Faisal.

back to me,' and then he got more abusive."

democracy, she quoted Mr. Kreisha as saying. "Then he threw an ashtray at me, and I ducked. The ashtray hit a bookcase and broke the glass." "I have I2 witnesses to what he said and did," she said. There is no question about

Although she did not spell it he, being an elected member out, it appeared that Ms. Faisal was seeking the support of the required two-third majority According to Ms. Faisal, vote in the House to lift Mr. Mr. Kreisha got angry at her Kreisha's immunity against remark. "First he told me 'shut prosecution.

"Damn you, your father, the womb that bore you, the people of the Caucasus and your

up,' 'get out' and 'not to talk

Sources close to Ms. Faisal said she planned to file a lawsuit charging Mr. Kreisba with "slander, defamation and assault."

Some parliamentary sources said mediation efforts are underway to defuse the crisis. It was not known whether Ms. Faisal would accept any mediation, bowever.

Ms. Faisal, a mother of three and no stranger to controversy, spoke to the press at her residence during a gathering attended by senior members of the Jordan Women's Federation as well as Fawaz Maber, a

(Continued on 'page 3)

Possible 'Palestine' splits Israeli cabinet

TEL AVIV (Agencies) - A warning from the ruling Labour Party general secretary that the Palestinians will bave their own state by the year 2000 caused deep divisions at the weekly Israeli cabinet session on Sunday.

Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin voiced "surprise" at General Secretary Nissim Zvilli's statement Saturday, flying in the face of party policy, that Palestinian autonomy would lead to a state in the occupied territories, a senior official told reporters.

Ministers split into two camps with Environment Minister Yossi Sarid, of the left-wing Meretz Party, declaring: "I suppose Rabin bas a different position to me, but as far as I am concerned the Palestinian people have a right to ... self-determination like any other people."

'I bave been talking about the creation of a Palestinian state for 20 years and I say it will come about one day or another," Mr. Sarid added.

Deputy Foreign Minister Yossi Beilin took the same side, saying Mr. Zvilli had opened the debate on a final settlement in the occupied territories after the scheduled five-year period of autonomy.

"The Labour Party is wrong by refusing to tackle the subject head on. However, Economy Minis-

ter Shimon Shetreet said the government backs for the final settlement "a political unit including the Palestinian entity. but in no way an independent Palestinian state." Mr. Zvilli's words sparked uproar in the right-wing which

fiercely opposes Palesninian in-

dependence, fearing Palestine

would be another hostile neighbour for Israel Likud parliamentary group Moshe Katzav showed reporters a letter written last week by Mr. Rabin affirming that he thought there would not be a

new state set up between Israel and Jordan. Likud deputy and ex-Justice Minister Dan Meridor thanked Mr. Zvilli for his "frankness." "He has said out loud what Rabin refuses to say in public."

he said. Mr. Zvilli made it clear he believed an independent Palestine would be bad for Israel and the Palestinians them-

Meanwhile, Agriculture Minister Yair Tsaban urged the government to consider

(Continued on page 4)

American Muslim **Council explores** empowerment

By Rosalind Mandine Murphy

WASHINGTON - The American Muslim Council's (AMC) held its second annual leadership conference here Feb. 4-8, which focused on gaining a greater voice for the American Muslim community in U.S. policy making, especially towards the Muslim

AMC members had a hance to discuss policy issues and express their views in scheduled meetings with National Security Council staff and with the head of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee Claiborne Pell. Moreover, when they heard of the tragic bombing in Sarajevo Feb. 5, in which 68 civilians died and more than 200 were injured, they sent another delegation to White House to strongly condemn the attack, according to Abdul Rahman Almoudi, the council's executive director. He said the delegation delivered a letter addressed to President Clinton expressing the AMC's position. "We call upon you, Presi-

dent Clinton, to take positive, concrete action to stop these atrocities and to end our complacency as the world superthe letter said. The American Muslim

Council was founded in 1990 and has 2,000 members throughout the United States. The AMC's stated mission is to serve the interests of the Muslim community in the United States by working against discrimination, organising Muslims into a political force, lob-bying the U.S. Congress and serving as a resource for cross-

cultural cooperation.

During the NSC meeting
Feh. 4, Mr. Alamoudi said,
U.S. officials explained U.S. policy in Bosnia, and the AMC gave the American Muslim community's perspective on that conflict. While the AMC underscored the community's appreciation that "the United States did a lot for Bosnia," he said it would like the United States to do more to help the

The AMC asked the White House to tighten the arms embargo on the Serbs, to carry. out at least one air strike against Serb positions in order to put some "meat on the threats" lodged by the international community, and to ask Russia to stop its support of the Serbs, Mr. Alamoudi said.

During the NSC hriefing, the AMC also discussed the Middle East peace process and the Islamic fundamentalist movement in North Africa.

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On the subject of the importance of closer cooperation with American Jewish organisations in support of the peace process, Mr. Alamoudi said the AMC has already worked closely with American Jewish groups on the Bosnia issue, and plans to increase its

contacts with these groups. The AMC asked the White House to support Palestinian democracy and to "lean on both parties to implement the (Israel-PLO) accord as soon asthey can." The organisation, Mr. Alamoudi said, encouraged the United States to "lean more on the Israeli govern-ment" than on the PLO in this

regard. Mr. Alamoudi said Senator Pell (Democrat from Rhode Island) asked that the AMC strengthen its ties with Jewish organisations." Mr. Pell underscored that he "is against anybody generalising about: Islam and religion," according to Mr. Alamoudi.

This point was also pursued by Representative Donald Payne (Democrat from New Jersey) during an earlier session with the AMC Feb. 4 on post cold war realities. Mr. Payne stressed that he does "not feel that Islamic fundamentalism is a threat to the security of the United States." He added, however, that such an attitude has been expressed in the halls of the U.S. Congress.

To some members, Islamic fundamentalism has replaced communism as a threat to the West in the post cold war era. Mr. Payne said, noting that Islamic fundamentalism is often "interpreted as anti-American."

Asked why this kind of thinking exists, Mr. Payne said that "people fear the nn-known... The United States must find a way of working with the realities of other societies.

The way to combat this mis-understanding of Islam, Mr. Payne stressed, is to educate the American people about the realities of Islam and the Mus-lim people. "Muslim people have to be more active on the Hill (U.S. Congress)," he said.

Mr. Payne also strongly urged the Muslim community to get involved in the political process and to vote in elections. If Muslims do not vote, their voices will not be heard, he said. "No vote — no voice — no right to complain," he

Sulayman Nyang, the chairman of African studies at Ho-ward University, chided those American Muslims who do not want to participate in the poli-"You live in your own co-

coon and want to cut yourself off from the political chain," he said: "Politicians work with numbers. If they see that Muslims didn't vote or attend meetings, then they are not going to take Muslims

Mr. Alamoudi said the AMC is stepping up its con-gressional lobbying efforts and expanding its grassroots activities: As an example of its grassroots action, the noted that Representative Payne spoke at the leadership conference at the behest of an AMC member

in New Jersey. "The challenge," he said, "is to bring the American Muslim community outside of the mosques and Islamic centres" and into the American political process. Workshops held throughout the AMC's leadership conference stressed this

Muslim political candidates, such as Kalim Shabaaz, who is running for mayor of Atlantic City, NJ. in 1994, discussed the issue of candidacy and support. Agha Saced of the American Muslim Alliance reviewed the American Muslim agenda and strategy for the 1990s. Young Muslim leaders discussed how to organise support and empowerement for the future, and Murwan Burgan, a lobbyist and former congressional staffer, addressed the do's and

dont's of lobbying technique. Underscoring the fact that American Muslims are part and parcel of American society, the AMC conference also tackled a number of domestic and community issues, such as health care, crime, the economy, the media, and women's



Feb. 13 bombing of the Al Ameria shelter near MOURNING: An Iraqi mourns in front of the Baghdad during the Gulf war (AFP photo)

Iragis remember attack on shelter

BAGHDAD (R) — Hundreds of Iraqis laid wreaths and liteanthes in the Al Amirida shelter in Baghdad on Sunday to commemorate those killed in an allied attack during the Ciuli war. People wept before pictures of relatives in the shelter, which has been turned into a shrine.

Floral tributes lined the walls among the twisted wreckage of the mof, left almost imtouched since two missiles slammed through the roof on Feb. 14, 1991.

Iraq says 409 people, mostly women and children, died in the attack on what they say was a civilian shelter. Allied commanders said they believed it was a military facility.

The Babil newspaper called the attack "an eternal stain of disgrace in America's history of crime and killing." and said: "This shelter shall remain a sanctuary that we the Iraqis shall hold as holy and the souls of the martyrs shall pursue the killers even in their dreams."

Somali port plunges to anarchy

MOGADISHU (R) — Kismayu, a shining success of the U.N. peacekeeping operation in Somalia, is sliding back into anarchy as two warlords flex their muscles during the countdown for western troop withdrawals.

Aid workers, who said for weeks Kismayu was a tinderbox that could rekindle civil war, reported that militiamen loyal to General Mohammad Said Hersi "Morgan" drove out people of the Ogađeni sub-clan who supported Colonel Ahmad Omar Jess.

About 5,000 people fled the port and at least tive people were killed and 32 wounded in Friday's fighting, said an aid worker who left Kismayu on Saturday.

A U.N. military spokesman said the situation in Kismayu

was "stable" but more interclan violence was imminent. The quick deterioration of

affairs in Kismayu comes as no surprise to anyone keeping an eye on the broken Horn of Africa country over the past few years.

If Baidoa, one of the places worst hit by the country's

murderous famine, was Soma-lia's "city of death"; Kismayu on the south coast has long been the "port of anarchy." Kismayu was one of the last.

years after being sentenced to death by Iran's Islamic lead-

ership for blasphemy. Salman

Rushdie is not only still alive

but has become an internation-

al symbol of literary freedom.

style and heavy police protec-tion. He has travelled the

world to defend his cause in

public, often with the active

support of Western political

Mr. Rushdie's life changed

overnight following the pub-

lication on February 14, 1989

by Iran's late leader Ayatollah

Ruhollah Khomeini of a "fat-

wa" or religious decree sen-

tencing Mr. Rushdie to death

because his book The Satanic

Verses was considered to have

blasphemed against the

Prophet Mohammad.
A reward of \$1 million was

offered to any Muslim who assassinated Mr. Rushdie. The

reward was later increased to

\$2 million and recently an Ira-

nian "foundation" raised it to

After four years during

which little was seen or heard

\$3 million.

Despite his clandestine life-

places to come under control of the U.S.-led intervention force which landed in Somalia in December 1992. Bloodletting was in full swing right up until Marines arrived.

A UNICEF aid worker in the port said up to 100 people were killed in "targeted clan" killings" in Kismayu on Dec. g., 1992 — the day before U.S. and French troops landed in the capital Mogadishu at the start of the U.N.-mandated Operation Restore Hope. A month later, the aid work-

er, Briton Sean Devereux, had been killed, possibly in re-venge for his remarks. Not a shot was fired when U.S. troops rolled into town

more than a year ago, but it fell to the Belgians to police Kis-mayu and they found it rough going. Clan fighting raged un-

abated for months. Bodies piled up in police stations, hospitals and on the streets. The Belgians, backed by American forces, clashed repeatedly with militias to drive a wedge between Gen. Morgan and Col. Omar Jess, an ally of Mogadishu warlord Moham-mad Farah Aideed.

But Gen. Morgan's militiamen overran Kismayu despite the Belgian presence in April,

announced in February last

year that he would no longer play the role of "invisible"

man." He kept his word and

has since multiplied his public

appearances and travelled

widely inside and outside of

On May 11 last year, he had a first meeting with British Prime Minister John Major.

This was followed by visits to

several other European coun-

tries and then to the United

States where he received a

pledge of support at a meeting

made a surprise appearance at

Wembley Stadium where he

received a standing ovation from 72,000 fans of the U2

rock group. He has appeared

several times on television,

notably in BBC literary prog-

rammes, though his participa-

tion was never announced in

In recent months the inter-

national writers community

has rallied behind him and Mr.

Rushdie was recently elected

In the meantime, he had

with President Bill Clinton.

Rushdie is unbowed after 5 years in hiding

driving Col. Jess's forces out of most of the city. The rival clans signed a ceas-

efire last August to keep rival clans apart and allow rehabilitation of the region that boasts some of Somalia's most fertile land. For a time, Kismayu shone

like a beacon of hope against the fighting that raged in Mogadishn, where hattles between Gen. Aideed's forces and the U.N. peacekeepers killed dozens of Americans, Pakistanis, Nigerians and other But trouble in Kismayu was

never very far at bay. Before the Belgians left in December — turning over control to an Indian battalion, Belgian Brigadier-General Guy Bastien predicted disaster unless talks among Somali factions then being held in Ethiopia reached a successful

"If the factions didn't reach agreement you will have civil war here again in weeks or months," Gen. Bastien said. Weapons are still here and there will be no prospect of a

The Addis Ababa talks failed, and now the guns and the militiamen have returned to the streets of Kismayu.

tional Writers Parliament. His

book "Midnight's Children"

(1981) was voted the best Brit-

ish book in 25 years by the jury

of the prestigious Booker

His enemies, far from dis-

arming, have meanwhile taken

revenge on the translators and

publishers of the Satanic

Verses. Iran has repeatedly

said that though Ayatollah Khomeini is dead, his decree

remains valid and is "irrevoc-

Last summer, 40 people were killed in the Turkish town

of Sivas when Islamic extrem-

ists attacked the hotel of satir-

ical Turkish writer Aziz Nesin

who was accused of translating

Two months later, Mr.

Rushdie's Norwegian publisber William Nygaard was

shot and seriously wounded by

an assailant who managed to

Mr. Rushdie remains one of

the most heavily guarded men

in the world. He can never stay

long in the same place and

extracts of Satanic Verses.

CIA seeks classified portion of Walsh's report

Washington (AP) — A Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) unit that investigates wrongdoing within the spy organisation is seeking a classi-fied portion of the Iran-contra prosecutor's final report, a CIA spokesman said Saturday.

The secret material focuses largely on covert CIA opera-tions in Central America targeting the leftist govern-ment of Nicaragua in 1985 and 1986, according to sources familiar with a classified volume of the report issued Jan. 18 by independent counsel Lawrence Walsh.

The day after Mr. Walsh put out his final report, the CIA requested the classified material so that the CLA inspector general could determine whether to open an internal investigation, said agency spokesman David Christian. The classified material is contained in one of four volumes of Mr. Walsh's work.

The inspector general also wants to determine whether regulatory or administrative changes in agency procedures need to be made, said Mr. Christian.

Mr. Christian said the CIA's assistant general counsel, Robert Eatinger, requested the classified material in a letter to the clerk of the U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals in Washington, which has cus-tody of the Walsh report. The court placed the letter in publicly available court files last Tuesday, and the CIA is waiting for a response from the court, Mr. Christian said.

The CIA engaged in covert operations in Central America

in 1985 and 1986 aimed at undermining the leftist Sandinista government of Nicaragua. Mr. Walsh looked into some of the projects because they touched on the Iran-contra scandal, said the sonrces, speaking on condition of anonymity.

The sources said the covert The sources said the covert CIA operations — some of them set up inside Nicaragua — were taking place at the same time the Reagan White Honse, through National Security Council aide Oliver North, was secretly funnelling weapons to the contra rebels.

wherever he goes he is accom-panied at all times by four

bodyguards.

U.S. condemns Sudan Ho for southern offensive Ho

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — The Clinton administration condemned the Sudanese government Saturday for attacks by its armed forces on civilian and military targets that "demonstrate a callous lack of concern for the lives of innocent Sudanese." This offensive will only in-

crease the suffering of the Sudanese people, create thousands of new refugees and undermine the ongoing international humanitarian relief effort." the White House said in a statement. The denunciation came in

response to a major government offensive that has forced evacuation of nearly all ex-patriate aid workers and cut off 200,000 Sudanese from outside help. Sudan has denied that an offensive is under way, saying the fighting is between rebel

factions. President Bill Clinton has instructed U.S. Ambassador Donald Petterson in Khartoum to protest vigorously this military action to the government of Sudan," according to

the statement.
The State Department has also called in the Sndanese ambassador in Washington "to underscore our concern over the military offensive, and especially the indiscriminate bombing of civilians."

Mr. Clinton also plans to

appoint a special envoyage Sudan to assist in efforts to bring about a ceasefire.

Meanwhile, the U.S. ambas sador in Kenya is urging leaders in Ethiopia, Kenya, Uganda and Eritrea to redouble. their efforts, through the Inter-Governmental Authority on Drought and Development, 6 stop the fighting and to bring about peace in Sudan.

Since fiscal 1993, the United States has provided more than \$160 million in humanitural aid to people of souther Sudan, the White House Despite the government

Sudan's participation in in gional humanitarian summits continues to violate humanitarian principles, tareas further loss of life and landship in the region," the Wine House said.

One of the two rival fa of the southern rebel more ment, the Sudan People's Le beration Army, said Khair toum's military governments had launched its biggest offen sive against the rebel-held south in the past two months, imperiling some four million.

The rebels appealed to the United Nations to appoint a mediator to broker a settlement of the conflict between the Arabic north and the largely black south, which erupted into full-scale civil war in 1983.

Bashir rejects charges

KHARTOUM (AP) — Sudanese leader General Omar Hassan Al Bashir has denounced a U.N. report on Human Rights violations in Sudan as a part of a campaign to wipe out Islam in the world.

Gen. Bashir's charge. reported Sunday by the official news agency SUNA. renews Sudan's criticism of the report last week to the U.N. Human Rights commission. "We have been created to

worship Allah, not America or the United Nations." Gen. Bashir was quoted as saying at a sunset meal Saturday at the end of the second day of fast-ing in the Holy Month of Ramadan. Earlier, officials claimed the

report's author, U.N. envoy Gaspar Biro, had blasphemed Islam by saying Muslims Sharia law contravened international human rights standards. · · · Gen. Bashir described Mr.

Biro's report as part of a campaign "to erase the faith of Allah from the surface of the earth by creating false accusa-

tions against the Sudan." He called Biro "an enemy ofo Royal

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Peace

Mr. Biro was assigned a year. ago to investigate allegationsof rights violations in Sudan. His report said executions, amputation of limbs and flog-ging, set in Sudan's legal code for some crimes, violate international conventions on civil and political rights. It also criticised the treat-

ment of women and the use of. the death penalty for apostasy. or rejection of Islam. Islamic law, passed shortly

after Gen.Bashir took over in 📜 a military coup in June 1989, is. not implemented in the south. The U.S. State Depart

ment's latest report on Human, Rights in Sudan says courts handed down amputation ences last year but none known to have been to but. However, it said the ernment routinely metes in the lashings to people convicted drinking alcohol, forbidden Islamic law.

Group on trial in Algeria 🖫 💃 for smuggling weapons

large group of people went on trial for arms smuggling and radio reported.

tinn, said members of a group

said. I'm not throwing mud

A delegation of the French

letter on Monday to the Irasentence on him to be revoked. The committee said support-

He said recently that he had contributed nearly \$800,000 of his own money to help the British government pay for the cost of protecting him.

old son but he sees him only on fleeting occasions. In March be was officially divorced from his second wife, American writer Marianne Wiggins. She left her husband after five months in hiding, accusing

Mr. Rushdie has a 15-year-

him of being a "coward and self-obsessed. Mr. Rushdie commented: "She's got to live with what she

back. Committee in Support of Rushdie will hand in an open

nian embassy calling for the ing committees in several other European countries would

hand in similar letters to Ira-

LONDON (Agencies) - A said last Monday there could be no solution to Algeria's

other charges at a special court in Algeria's Western city of oran on Saturday, Algerian The radio, monitored by the British Broadcasting Corpora-

called Maghnia were charged with smuggling arms and explosives into Algeria and helping people wanted by the authorities to flee to Morocco. They were also accused of helping Algerians returning from the war in Afghanistan to

enter the country. The radio said the trial was expected to last several days because of the large number of defendants.

A wave of violence in Algeria blamed by officials on Muslim fundamentalist activists has claimed more than 2,000 lives - fundamentalists, members of the security forces and civi-

lians — in the past two years. President Liamine Zeroual.

violent political crisis unless there was dialogue with all The violence erupted after the army-backed council of state scrapped the country's

damentalist Islamic Salvation Front (FIS) was poised to win. The FIS was later banned by court order and its main leaders jailed.

first multi-party legislative elections which the fun-

Judicial officials said the latest trial involved 55 Islamic fundamentalists charged with "terrorist" offences and smuggling weapons into the country.

The group, which officials said operated out of Maghnia on the border with Morocco and which includes 22 defendants being tried in their absence, is also charged with help. ing repatriate via Morocco... Algerians who fought for Afghan guerrilla groups against Soviet troops.

5:00 p.m. every Monday

7:30 a.m. every Sunday 5:00 p.m. every Sunday

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

PROGRAMME TWO Magazine Local News in French The weekly sport magazine
News in Hebrew News in English PRAYER TIMES

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11:50		Dhui
14-55		''A
17:23		Maghri
18-41		'lsi
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St. Mary of Nazareth Church Swe	ifieb,
Tel. 810740 Assemblies of God Church, 632785.	Tcl.
St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation	Tcl.
637440. De in Salle Church Tcl. 661757 Terresancta Church Tcl: 622366 Church of the Annunciation	Tel

Church Tel. 630851. Tel. Anglica: 628543. 771331. Orthodox Church Tel. der Church Tel. 771751. 24328. Evangelical Conerman-speaking Bv; regation Tcl. 684195 The Latter-Day Saints Tel. 654932 Church of Nazarene Tel. 675691. The Evangelical Local Church in Am-Tcl. 811295

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

Temperatures will rise slightly with a chance of scattered showers, and wines will be westerly moderate, in Agaba, it will be partly cloudy, winds northerly

Min/Max. temp. Amman	12 / 21
Jordan Valley	t2 / 18

Yesterday's high temperatures: An man 13. Agaba 22 Humidity reading Amman 43 per cent, Aqaba 28 pe

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY AMMAN:

Dr. Mukhks Halasa	8172
Dr. Yousef Sammour	
Dr. Isam Al Asmar	
Dr. Jamil Maraga	
firas pharmacy	
Ferdows pharmacy	
Al Asema pharmacy	6370
Nairoukh pharmacy	6236
Al Salam pharmacy	6367
Yacoub pharmacy	6440
Shmeisani pharmacy	6376
Ville in the second	6276
Nairoujh pharmacy	
Vajib pharmacy	7 4 /0.
DRID-	

Dr. Mohammad Al Khaliti 273099

Dr. Ziyad J'aitem .

Food Control Centre .. 637111

Civil Defence Department

Civil Defence Immediate
Rescue 630341
Civil Detence Emergency 199
Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777
Fire Brigade 891228
Blood Bank
Highway Police
Traffic Police 896390
Public Security Department 63/0321
Hotel Complaints 605800
Price Complaints 661 176
Water and Sewerage
Complaints 897467
Amman Municipality
Compleiets 78711
Complaints787111
Telephone Information
(directory assistance) 121
Overseas Calls
Central Amman Telephone
Repairs
Abdali Talenhone Renairs 661101
Jordan Television
Radio Jordan 774111
Water Authority 6801001
Jordan Electricity Authority 815615
Electric Power
Company
RJ Flight Information 08-53200
THE PROPERTY OF STREET

EMERGENCIES

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

661111	
	AMMAN:
630341	Hussein Medical Centre 813813
199	Khalidi Maternity, J. Ama 64428
1.637777	Akilch Maternity, J. Amn 64244
891228	Jabal Amman Malernity 642
775121	Malhas, J. Amman
843402	Palestine, Shmeisani 66417
896390	Shmeisani Hospital
630321	University Hospital
605800	Al Musel as Descript 64777
., 003800	Al-Muasher Hospital 66722
., 661176	The Islamic, Abdali 666127
	Al-Ahli, Abdali 66416
897467	Italian, Al-Muhajreen 77710
	Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111
787tii	Army. Marka 89161)
	Queen Alia Hospital 602240
121	Amal Hospital 674
. 010230	ZARQA:
010200	Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983
., 62 3t0t	Zurqu National Hospital (09)900
	The Circuit 1 (07) 970
661 101	Ibn Sina Hospital (09)986
773111	Al Hikma Modern Hospital (09)990
774111	IRBID:
680100	Princess Basma Hospital(02)275
815615	Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272
	Iba Al Nafees Hospital (02)247
494301	ACAPA.

Queen Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-53200

HOSPITALS

AMMAN:	
	213813/32
Hussein Medical Centre Khalidi Maternity, J. Anu	644281/6
Akilch Maternity, J. Amn	642441/2
Jabal Amman Maternity	642362
Malhas, J. Amman	636140
Palestine, Shmeisani	664171/4
Shmeisani Hospital	669131
University Hospital	845845
Al-Mussber Hospital	66722779
Al-Muasher Hospital The Islamic, Abdali	666127/37
Al-Altli. Abdati	664164/6
Italian, Al-Muhajreen	777101/3
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich	775111/26
Army. Marka	89161 \/15
Queen Alia Hospital	602240/50
Amal Hospital	674155
ZAROA:	51-155
Zarqa Govt. Hospital	(00)083373
Zurqu National Hospital	(00)000560
Ibn Sina Hospital	(07)710300 (00)0046737
Al Hikms Moders Hospital	(V7)7011736 1100 100100 1
REID:	(07)7070
Princess Basma Hospital	(07)\T75556
Cook Catholic Hospital	(uzjzr,200) 2001/27775
Greek Catholic Hospital Ibn Al Nafees Hospital	(02)212213
ION AI PUNCES HOSPITAL	(UZ)24/198
AQABA:	M214111
Princess Heya Hospital	(W)314111

FOR THE TRAVELLER INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified. APPIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

QUEEN ALIA

Damascus (RJ) Jeddah (RJ) New Delhi (RU) .. Bangkok (RJ) anca, Tunis (RJ) .. Jeddah (add) (RJ

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

... Tunis (add) (RJ)

Muscat. Abu Dhabi (GF) Dubai (EM) Amsterdam (KL) DEPARTURES

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

11799 Amsterdam, Chicago (R
12:15 Frankfurt (R
12:45 Cairo (R
29:00 Tunis (add) (R
20:00 Dhahran (R 20:15 Doha (R
29:39 Dubai, Karachi (R
20:45 Damascus (R
21:39 Abu Dhabi Muscai (9
21:36 Jeddah (add) (R
Other Flights (Terminal 2)
2 - (

96:88	İstanbul (T
44: 12	Brigat (M
t 9:2 5	Cairo (A
11:00	Khartoum (S Bahrain, Abu Dhubi (C
13:30	Bahrain Ahn Dhubi (C
t9:45	Dubai (k
02:1 S	Amsterdam (K
HL.	AZ RAHLWAY TOA:

.. a:00 every Monda

MARKET P	RICES ·
Upper/lower price in fi	ls per kg.
Apple	550/ 650
Daning	496
D20202 (Mukammar)	400
Cabbage	70 4 40
Carrot	······ 70 / 40
Cauliflower	200/120
Clementine	1407 80
Clementine	260 / 200
Cucumbers (large)	180 / 120
COCUMOCIS (SMall)	390 / 797
MEDICAL	ומיז מכו
Garge	OCOMON
Grape Fruit	700/gul

j	Classic Incomment	1407 20
	Clementine	. 260 / 200
))	Cucumbers (Jarge)	100 / 13/
)	Cucumbers (small)	. 100 / 120
ì	Esmiani	. 3807280
í	Cucumbers (large)	170/80
•		
	Orape Fruit	776/120
	Green beans	12007 000
	Lemon	1200 900
	Marrow (learn)	. 180/100
)	Marrow (large)	. 180 / 120
í	WANTED A (2007)	300 / 300
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	Radish	· 4307 100
	Tomato	1237 80
	Tomato Scinach	<i>270</i> /200
7		
	String beans	WORL CO.

section of the Noor Al Hussein Foundation

(NHF). Mrs. Juppé was briefed on NHF activi-ties by Insam Al Mufti, Her Majesty Queen

Noor's advisor on social development affairs

HRH Princess Wijdan Ali

(QAIA). The group toured the RJ work-

shop, the aircraft maintenance and catering

MUSIC HOUR

Show of videotaped classical music by famous

musicians at the student multi-purpose build-

ing at the University of Jordan (12:00 noon

Short film in French entitled "La Machine a

Film in French entitled "Carmen" at the French Cultural Centre at 8:00 p.m.

BOOK EXHIBITION

Book exhibition at the University of Jordan.

DRAMA

☆ Drama in Arabic entitled "Happened on a

Theatre Day" at the Royal Cultural Centre at

Remonter Le Temps" at the French Cultural

f developing world's realities

In a working paper pre-

sented to the conference, orga-

nised by the American Nation-

al Museum on Women and

Fine Arts, Princess Wijdan

said gaps between the Eastern

and Western nations cannot

be bridged simply by economie

and social agreements since

such agreements as they now

stand, are imbalanced because

they ignore the situations of

Taking part in the confer-

unday visit Royal Jordanian (RJ) facilities divisions and the airfreight services depart-

WHAT'S GOING ON

1:00 p.m.).

Centre at 8:00 p.m.

ence are leading women from

different Arab countries

egioo. The w the two rival Sudan People's Army, said Ki ulitary hed its biggest of inst the rebel-be OURING NHF: Isabelle Juppé (centre), wife of the past two more our mile reach Foreign Minister Alain Juppé, accompated by the wife of the Minister of State for ations to appoint to broker a set

the conflict better rincess Wijdan stresses value outh. which which which nst the Sudan, fer Royal Highness Princess

iro an enem ijdan Ali Sunday called on e international community o was assigned at a to neglect the social, culturestigate allegate to developing countries if a result of limbs and a g is to be established.

The social control of limbs and a g is to be established.

The social conference on the social conferen crimes, violate we he role of Arab women as a conventions on a wer of change," Princess cal rights. criticised the life ach a common language of omen and the use iderstanding, eapable of penalty for apostal inging the world's nations closer

law, passed short Bashir took our: coup in June 1989. nented in the sort . .S. State Deparest report on Home Sudan says com wn amputations: year but none er

have been and ever. it said the gaoutinely metes at people convicted. cohol, forbiddens.

Monday there out lucion to Afemi olitical crisis unio

dialogue with i

lence erupted in backed council pped the county i-party legislatic which the fit t Islamic Salvane) was poised to we was later banned r and its main ke officials said the in

ved 55 Islamic for

; charged with "tens

ices and smuggle to the country up, which office ted out of Marine rder with Moroco includes 22 deta g tried in their o ebarged with her iate via Moroco who fought for guerrilla group viet troops.

10 p.m. every Month

ve supported enthusiasticalsince its first days," Mr. pe said. I also wanted to underline Warm relations between " two countries," he added. Vir. Juppe said be met with me Minister Abdul Salam ijali Sunday morning as well the ministers of finance, nning and trade and in-

was also received by ng Hussein Saturday. "We ach great importance to His ijesty's balanced and modervision," Mr. Juppe said. He reiterated France's backfor Jordan's efforts to res-

ebedule its foreign debts, adding that France would help the Kingdom in debt rescheduling talks with the Paris Club of official Western creditors which will be beld in Paris in

He added that his country would also study the possibility of transferring part of the Kingdom's \$900 million debt to France "into investment pro-

Mr. Juppe also said France had renewed an 83 million frane (\$14 million) financial

protocol for Jordan as part of efforts to help Amman cope. with its economic problems. Mr. Juppe also said his country would consider easing in-

spections of Aqaba-bound ships to help reduce the negative impact on Jordan of the international sanctions against

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Industry and Trade Rima Khalaf, who returned from Cuiro Sunday, said she attended the meetings of the Arah Economic and Social

economic, trade meeting

Egypt, Jordan to plan

Council at the Arab League headquarters and reached agreement with the Egyptian minister of economy and foreign trade on convening a meeting of experts to pave the ground for the Jordanian-Egyptian joint committee meeting to be held in Amman luter this month.

Dr. Khalaf also said that she discussed matters related to economie and trade relations at the Cairo meeting.

The minister also met with the Egyptian minister of industry and mineral resources to discuss prospects for joint investments and met with the minister for international cooperation to discuss the exchange of expertise and matters related to economic coop-Dr. Khalaf, who was accom-

panied by a ministry delegation, said that the Arab League Economic and Social Council

Rima Khalaf

meeting endorsed several decisions including measures to help Arab countries face growing unemployment and issues related to pan-Arab economie integration.

Among the other items discussed and approved at the meeting, she said, was the creation of a pan-Arab corporation for the classification of cargo vessels and other decisions related to pan-Arab cooperation in transport, housing and electric power.

Syrian team here to review study on student performance

AMMAN (Petra) — A Syrian educational delegation. headed by the Ministry of Education Secretary General Sulaiman Al Khatib, arrived here Sunday on a three-day visit to Jordan to review the implementation of an international study on measuring student performance in science and mathematics.

The National Centre for Educational Research and Development (NCERD) has undertaken a study of student performance levels in these two subjects and developed it into a comparative study involving students from Jordan and the occupied West Bank. The delegation will also look at a comprehensive evaluation

of the quality of education in Jordan, currently being car-ried out by NCERD in ecoperation with the Ministry of Education,

The study aims at preparing basic data on the quality of educacion and levels of performance.

It also seeks to provide accurate information on the impact of the educational development plan in affecting changes in classroom practices and student performance.

The delegation includes Director of Planning at the education ministry Kamal Ballan and Siham Dillo of the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) office in Damascus.

Produce exporters demand cancelling tax on revenues

AMMAN (Petra) — Produce exporters Sunday demanded that the government cancel taxes on export revenues and intervene to adjust transport charges by local companies in a bid to increase export potentials.

They also demanded that the Ministry of Agriculture arrange for sufficient supplies of plastie boxes for packaging their produce. The exporters were speak-

ing Sunday at a meeting with Minister of Agriculture Mohammad Mahdi Al Farhan and Salem Lawzi, director general of the Agrieultural Marketing Organisation (AMO).

The meeting was convened to examine ways to boost exports and to overcome procedural impediments.

The exporters said that

they were seeking government help in reducing the cost of exporting agricultural products so that Jordanian crops could compete with those of other countries in foreign markets.

Dr. Lawzi, who reviewed the marketing situation at the central vegetable market in Amman and the role of middlemen, demanded that several grading and packag-ing centres be opened and that the central market expand its services.

He also demanded a reducoon in the number of non-Jordanian workers at the central market. Meanwhile, the AMO Sun-

day announced that Jordan last month exported 29,720 tonnes of produce to Arab and foreign countries worth

i AMO statement said that regetables accounted for 56 rer cent of the exports, and that Lebanon, the main importer, purchased 32.6 per cent of the total exported

The statement added that Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates (UAE). Bahrain and several foreign couotries also imported Jordanian produce last month.

Tomatoes topped the export list at 26.3 per cent of the total, said the statement. January's exports reg-istered an increase of 6,478 tonnes over the same period last year.

Total exports for January however, were down by 1,012 tonnes compared with Deeember 1993, according to the AMO.

Jordan to attend non-aligned summit in Nicaragua_minister

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Al Hassan Sunday said that the foreign ministers of the non-alligned countries plan to meet in Cairo on May 31, adding that Jordan will attend that meeting.

Speaking upon his return to Amman from Jakarta where he attended a 3-day meeting by the Non-Alligned Movement's Consultative Bureau, Mr. Hassan said the Cairo meeting would decide on the exact date of the movement's summit meeting, which is scheduled to be held in Nicaragua in 1995.

He said that no official statement emerged from the Jakarta meeting because the minis-ters attending the parley met in their capacity as members of a consultative panel,



Talal Al Hassan

During his stay in Jakarta, Mr. Hassan said he delivered a message to President Suharto from His Majesty King Hussein and met with Indonesian Foreign Minister Ali Al Attas.

He said he also delivered a message from His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan to Mr. Attas dealing with the work of the Jordanian-Indonesian Joint Committee, in addidon to cooperation between AL Al Bayt University in Mafraq and Indonesian scientifie and cultural insolutions.

Mr. Hassan said the ministers discussed important issues including the Middle East peace process, and that he delivered an address outlining Jordan's stand vis-a-vis the peace talks and the Kingdom's continued support for the Palestinian people and the Palesone Liberation Organisation (PLO).

He said his address also outlined Jordan's position with

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

JTV trains Palestinian broadcasters

AMMAN (Petra) - A four-week extensive radio and television training programme for Palestinian news casters, programme directors, producers and photographers Sunday started at Jordan Radio and Television Corporation's Information Training Centre. The programme includes theoretical and practical demonstrations covering such areas as news editing. news-cast preparadons, photography, directing, montage, and sets. Attending the session are 25 Palestinians who will be working for the Palestinian Radio and Television Corporation. The opening ceremony was attended by Director of the Palestinian Radio and TV Corporation Radwan Abu Ayyash. Head of the Palestine Liberadon Organisation's (PLO) Information Department Yasser Abed Rabbo visited the

AL al Bayt, Canada discuss book project

AMMAN (J.T.) - AL al Bayt University President Mohammad Adnan Al Bakhit Sunday received the coordinator of the Canadian embassy's Support Fund, Lina Jardaneh Saket. Dr. Bakhit and Ms. Saket discussed the prospect of supplying the university with Islamie and Middle Eastern books and studies by Canadian writers and researchers. The Canadian embassy offered JD 8,635 to support the project.

Jerash steps up health inspections

JERASH (Petra) - Director of Jerash District Health Department Suleiman Oweis Sunday said the department has stepped up its inspection campaigns of all establishments and stores selling food supplies, to ensure that they are abiding by health regulations. Dr. Oweis stressed that it was difficult to implement the new health regulations without the cooperation

Aqaba area plans charlty drive

AQABA (Petra) - Aqaba District Governor Thamer Al Fayez Sunday chaired a meeong of officials and representatives of private and public institutions to discuss arrangements for launching a charity campaign as part of the nation-wide campaign led by Her Royal Highness Princess Basma. Mr. Fayez stressed the importance of cooperation among all sectors to ensure the success of the drive and to aid the needy in the Aqaba district. Participants in the meeting decided to set up committees to collect donations.

Moellemann visits Jericho, off to Cairo

AMMAN (J.T.) - Juergen Moellemann, a German parlia-Arab-German Friendship Association, ended a two-day visit to Jordan by making a six-hour trip to the West Bank town of Jericho Sunday before flying to Cairo for meeongs with officials there.

Mr. Moellemann, who arrived in Jordan Friday evening. is a stauneh advocate of good German-Arab relations and up until his Sunday visit to Jericho had been denied entry into Israel and the occupied territories by the Israeli government which viewed him to be too pro-Arab.

During his visit to Jordan. Mr. Moellemann, who was vice chancellor and minister of energy until 1993, held talks with His Majesty King Hussein. Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali and Lower House of Parliament Speaker Taher Al Masri and University of Jordan President Fawzi Gharaibeh, which Jordanian-German relations and the Arab-Israeli peace process were the main points of discussion during his meetings.

Mr. Moellemann, a member of the ruling Christian Demoeratie Party, deseribed Jordanian-German relations as

They are based on frankness elarity and mutual respeet," he said.

A staunch supporter of the peace process. Mr. Moelle-mann said before his departure that "some thorny issues still exist in the peace process and the international community should play a role in actively solving these issues."

The German deputy said that the Sept. 13 Israel-Palestinian Liberation Organisation (PLO) agreement as well as the Jordanian-Israeli agenda had been "positive steps" in solving conflict in the region.

Mr. Moellemann said that he hopes to encourage the Arab League in Cairo to give further impetus to and support the peace process.

The German parliamentarian said he had held talks with various Arab parties involved in the peace process, including Syria, Lebanon, Kuwait, and Palestinian groups opposed to the peace process and that he received commitments that they would not undermine the peace process.

He said that the Jan. 16 Geneva summit between Svrian President Hafez Al Assad and U.S. President Bill Clinton was a "very positive" Step and that he believe that Lebanon and Syria would follow in the footsteps of the PLO and Jordan and sign agreements and agendas with Israel since the peace process had reached a

Faisal accuses fellow deputy of defamation

(Continued from page 1)

leader of the Circassian tribal community in Jordan.

Ms. Faisal occupies a House seat reserved for the Circassian community in Amman, but her victory in the elections with 1,885 votes was mostly attributed to supporters among women, Christians and liberals.

Mr. Kreisha holds one of two seats reserved for the Central Bedouins of Jordan and belongs to the pro-establishment Jordan National Alliance Bloc in the Lower House.

During the run-up to the 1989 elections Ms. Faisal was taken to an Islamie Sbaria court and accused of apostasy. Her accusers sought to annul her marriage, and immunity for anyone who shed her blood. The court rejected the case, but Ms. Faisal lost ber bid to enter Parliament in the

1989 elections. The former school teacher made a strong comeback in 1993 to win the Circassian seat from Amman's Third District against incumbent Mansour Murad and another woman contestant.

Immediately after the new Parliament convened in November, Ms. Faisal clashed with Islamie Action Front Deputy Abdul Muneem Abu Zant, who said in published comments that he would offer her Islamie dress and offer sweets if she wore them.

Haifa Abu Gbazala, president of the Jordan Women's Federation, said Sunday that the federation viewed the Faisal-Kreisha row as serious.

"We will make this an issue because it touches on all members of our society and if a woman deputy can be insulted and the insult goes uncheeked then the society as a whole is insulted," said Ms. Abu Ghazala. She did not specify what course of action her federation planned to follow.

regard to the war in Bosnia. Contestation dismissed

(Continued from page 1) the accord should be approved communication projects for which the country is in dire

Speaker of the Finance Committee Sa'd Hayel Srour rejected Dr. Saeed's argument that the loan could force Jordan to purchase French goods that it does not need, saying that projects to be financed by it would be tendered in the internacional market.

Mr. Srour also said the interest charged on the loan is the lowest that could be made on such loans, pointing out that Jordan has already committed itself to contracts for projects to be financed by the loan. The protocol stipulates that contracts for projects to be financed by the loan should be signed before the end of 1993.

In response to a question from Deputy Sameer Habashneh, Minister of Culture Amin Mahmoud said a private company was providing security services to the Royal Cultural Centre (RCC) because the Public Security Department could not provide the centre with the security services it

requested. He said retired army and police personnel could not be hired because the law does not allow them to combine a pension and a salary from the public sector, adding that the police department was not responsible for providing reception and organisation services

that the centre would require. He said the RCC have been using the services of a private security company at the cost of JD 20,000 annually.

Mr. Habashneh demanded that the services of the private company be terminated because the RCC is an official institution to which security services should be provided by the police department.

"Providing protection to official institutions is ... part of sovereignty which should not be compromised," said, Mr. Habashneb, adding the RCC had set an "unfavourable precedent."

Mr. Habashneh charged that hiring a private company to provide security services for the centre was "a means of doing favours through public funds." He called on the minister of interior to provide protection to national institutions at "this critical period when our security and stability are

uppe: Jerusalem in interim period

(Continued from page 1)

On Jordaoian-French bi-

(Tel. 643251/2)

Gallery - Mecca Street.

tral relationa, Mr. Juppe d that he had a dual purpose visiting Jordan for the ond time in four months. March. One purpose is ro reiterate commitment to peace process which we

TOUR AT OAIA: Members of the Jorda-

nn Travel Agents Association (JTAA)

t the Queen Alia International Airport

Art exhibition entitled "Selections from the

Artistic Works of Terra Sancta High School

Students" at Amman National University

Wood carving exhibition by artist Samer

Art exhibition by Iraql artists at Ab'ad Art

Art and photo exhibition by several Arab

artists at the Balqa Art Gallery in Fuheis (Tel.

Exhibition by Lebanese artist Hussein Madi at

Darat Al Funun of the Abdul Hameed Shoman

Foundation. Also showing the "permanent"

exhibition of 54 Arab contemporary artists.

Art exhibition by several Iraqi and Jordanian

artists at Orfali Art Gailery (Tel. 826932).

Ousana at the French Cultural Centre.

EXHIBITIONS

He said France was ready to examine in "an open and constructive manner ways of easing inspections of ships, while maintaining their effectiveness, so that the Jordanian economy is hurt less." The minister rejected an Israeli Television report that

France had lifted its self-imposed restrictions on arms sales to Israel. "We have not taken such a decision, but we hope inilitary cooperation with Israe! will be

reviewed," he said. Mr. Juppe said French Defence Minister Francois Leotard is also expected to visit Israel soon. On Bosnia, Mr. Juppe also

said Paris was not considering an immediate evacuation of its diplomats from war-torn Sarajevo with Western air strikes threatened if the siege of the city is not lifted. "It is imperative that we remain patient," he said. "We

will take all necessary mea-

sures as the situation warrants.

but it is important that the



Alain Juppe

NATO decision be implemented as soon as possible. The North Atlantic Treaty

Organisation has set a Feb. 20 deadline for the warring factions in Sarajevo to place heavy weapons under U.N. control or move them away

Israeli killed

(Continued from page 1) from the West Bank and Gaza Strip presently hold permits to

work in Israel. Attacks by Palestinians on Israelis have caused Israel to seal off the occupied lands. cutting the workers off from

their livelihood and causing share rises in unemployment. Ehud Barak, the armed forces chief of staf, said Friday that after autonomy Israel would no longer be an occupying power and hence would not be responsible for Palestinian

As a result, sealing off Israel to Palestinian workers would be less of a problem, Gen. Barak said. Also Friday, Police Minister

economie welfare.

Moshe Shahal warned that Israel might again close the occupied lands if attacks on Israelis persisted.

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Equal at birth, but later?

DEPUTY TUJAN Faisal is spearheading the crusade to grant men and women equal rights as far as citizenship rights for their children are concerned. The only woman member of the Lower House maintains, and rightly so, that the existing law discriminates between sexes by granting children of Jordanian husbands citizenship while denying the chitaren of Jordanian women married to foreigners an equal treatment. More and more parliamentarians are taking interest in the issue and an official proposal to delete such and similar distinctions between Jordanians on the basis of gender could be

in the pipeline.

Jordan is due to discuss its third periodic report to the International Human Rights Committee, the tribunal charged with the mandate of monitoring the application of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR), when the panel convenes in New York on March 21. The country's second periodic report was discussed in Geneva in 1991, but many questions were left unanswered. The issues figuring high in the debate on Jordan are all somewhat similar to what Ms. Faisal has been raising before and after her election. It would be such a relief to the Jordanian delegation which is supposed to present this third report to the committee if steps were taken here and now to eliminate most if not all vestiges of discrimination between men and women. On the very issue of citizenship rights of children of Jordanian fathers and mothers, there are no sound religious grounds to perpetuate this aspect of unequal treatment. The government and Parliament would do Jordan a great service if they proceeded with the task of amending current legislation on this very subject.

Surely, there are other dimensions of discrimination between men and women in Jordan, some of which are based on religious grounds. On such few occasions, the rule of the thumb is to enter a reservation when ratification of or accession to the ICCPR is made. Jordan was among the pioneer states which signed and ratified the covenant. This imposes an additional responsibility on us to take effective measures for the purpose of translating the provisions of this basic human rights instrument into law. While the most recent Jordanian report is a remarkable improvement on the previous ones, there remain some deficiencies in terms of laws and practices. The norm, under such circumstances, is to distribute such a report to Parliament and judiciary to read and examine. This much has not been done even though the step would be the first inquiry on the minds of the 18-member internation-

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

A COLUMNIST in Al Dustour Sunday expressed the view that the Europeans lack a unified leadership, noting that although their nations are close to the Arabs, they seem far away from the Arab region. Taher Al Udwan noted that the Europeans have been hiding behind the Americans in mattersrelated to the Middle East question and the ongoing war in Bosnia, and have been acting in a manner that would only appease the U.S. administration in both cases. The Europeans have had no actual role in the peace process and have failed to exert pressure for the implementation of U.N. Resolution 242, noted the writer. Noting that Europe's role has been marginalised by the United States, regarding the Palestine question. the writer recalled that it was due to Washington's request to the Europeans that they allocated some funds to finance the autonomy rule in Palestine. The writer said in the war in Bosnia it was the U.S. pressures that caused NATO's European nations to agree to an ultimatum against the Serbs. What is required from Europe is economic, financial and political initiative that can make the Arabs feel that Europe is genuinely interested in the development of their region and concerned over peace and stability in the Middle East, demanded the writer. He said that the Europeans should act in a manner that would explicitly display their interest in cooperation among the countries of the Mediterranean Sea 10

IT IS not enough for the government to seize and destroy quantities of foodstuff proved to be unfit for human consumption, said a columnist in Sawt Al Shaab daily Sunday. What the public demands, he said, is exposure of the sources of corruption, manipulation and merchants greedy only to amass fortune at the expense of public health. Salameh Ékour said that the Ministry of Supply should publish the names of the merchants and storekeepers who tend to commit such malpractices and violations that tend to harm national interest and cat w adverse effects on the health of the Jordanian citizens so tha members of the public can stop dealing with such elements. In order to fight off those evil elements that tend to poison people, the government ought to impose very heavy fines on them and close down their stores and should enforce the laws that govern such practices, demanded the writer. He said there is no point in enacting laws and passing regulations concerning the protection of public health if no measures are taken to deter further violations. The writer also called the Ministry of Supply's attention to the need to stem the u. Trinted and unjustified soaring prices of basic foodstuff during month of Ramadan.

Occupied territories — back to the old days

By Graham Usher

GAZA — While PLO and Israeli negotiators are going on and Foreign Minister Shimon Peres muses that "Israel will do everything it can to end the great suffering of the Palestinian people", actual Palestinian people in Gaza are starting to view such manoeuvres and sentiments as belonging to another continent, politically as much as geographically.

Here, the pervasive mood is one of increasing self-withdrawal from the utter misery of Gaza. While Israeli and Palestinian pundits chew over opinion polls showing that 35 per cent of Gazans now oppose the Oslo accords, the most significant finding of these surveys goes largely unnoticed that 15 per cent of Palestinians in the occupied territories have "no opinion" about the agreement one way or another. Such an alarming rise in political apathy is a child born of hopelessness and raised by continued Israeli military actions, particularly in Gaza, which demonstrate all too clearly Israel's customary disregard for Palestinian suffering both in the present and, more ominously, in the "autonomy" it will eventually bequeath.

Collective punishment

On Jan. 26, the Israeli army introduced an apparently arbitrary policy of withdrawing the magnetic pass cards needed by Palestinians who work in Israel, Something like 1,200 permits were confiscated from their Palestinian holders over the next few days, with the occupation authorities giving no official explanation.

There are around 20,000 Gazans currently working in Israel, itself a massive reduction from the 40,000 who regularly worked inside the Green Line before Israel sealed off the territories last April. With unemployment levels in Gaza at 40 per cent overall and 60 per cent in the refugee camps. work in Israel is one of the few remaining economic lifelines available, its severance means untold hardship for thousands of families.

The head of Gazass Trade Union Federation, Risham Al Biyari, condemned the confiscations, claiming that they were "a means to put pressure on PLO negotiators at the peace talks". The civil administration in Gaza denied it knew the reason while the Israel army came up with the original explanation that the confiscations were due to "a computer error" - tellingly averting any reference to security considerations since. for Palestinians to receive magnetic cards, they must be "clean" of all security offences in the first place.

Palestinian sources say the army's actions mark a return to the collective punishment policy used extensively by the Israeli throughout the intifada. Workers trying to cross into Israel after Jan. 26 said they

were interrogated by Israeli intelligence officers as to their past and present political affiliations. Those who had been in any way associated with Palestinian groups currently opposed to the peace agreement — and especially, it

M. KAHIL

seems, the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) — were the ones who had had their permits confiscated. A week earlier - on Jan. 21 - an Israeli farmer had been

stabbed to death by three Palestinians in Rishon Letzion. near Tel Aviv. The PFLP in Gaza claimed responsibility for the killing, saying that it was in revenge "for the slaying of innocent Palestinian civilians." The crack-down on permits

appears to be related to this incident, and the political message it harbours for Gazans is transparent, Peace agreement or no peace agreement, the Israelis intend to isolate the opposition by inflicting massive and indiscriminate body blows on the Palestinians as a people. That such collective punishment is illegal under every tenet of international law went unheeded in most Israeli and international press coverage of the matter. Palestinians in Gaza, meanwhile, withdrew even further into their shells.

toy Solito 1 Velvet glove, iron fist

The confiscations are a return to tried and tested Israeli occupation practices after recent weeks had seen a relative. but palpable. loosening of the Israeli army vice-like grip in the territories. In December. not only were a number of "wanted" Fateh Hawks granted amnesty by the army, but also fugitives belonging to the PFLP Red Eagles. For the first time. public festivals commemorating the PFLP's founding on Dec. 11 went ahead with minimal Israeli army interference. The signal from the Israelis seemed to be that if the PLO factions. including the rejectionists, wanted to exploit the political space opened up by the accords, then the Israeli

army would let them. The bot-

tom line, however, would be the Israelis' obsession with "security."

According to a poll published in the Israeli daily Yediot Aharonot on Jan. 18, while 60 per cent of Israelis still "cautiously" supported the peace process, 70 per cent would consider "autonomy a failure if terrorists continue to murder Jews". The Rabin government's snail-like approach to implementing the accords thus rests on the perception of how successful it is at curbing Palestinian violence against Israelis. Killings like the one in Rishon Letzion blast this perception to smithereens and. as a result, "force" rather than "space" becomes the organising principle behind tsrael's military policy in the territories, and especially in Gaza. Palestinian analysts say this is the only way to explain the Israeli army's entirely paradoxical - now velvet glove, now iron fist - dealings with all the PLO factions since the signing of the accords, but particularly Fateh, the dominant political force in the Strip. Between Jan. 23 and 27, 49

Fateh activists were arrested in Gaza following a spate of grenade attacks on Israeli army patrols claimed by various dissident elements of Fateh's erstwhile military wing: the Fatch Hawks. The indiscriminate nature of the sweep, with the Israeli army picking up Hawks both "wanted" and amnestied, provoked fury amongst the established PLO leadership here. On Jan. 29. a delegation of community figures, headed by Fatch's leader in the Strip. Zakaria Agha, met Israeli army commanders "to end the increasing tension between the two sides". The upshot of the meeting was not encouraging.

"The Israelis are not respecting their commitments." said Mr. Agha. "What is happening is not new but a continuation of the old policy of pursuing Palestinian activists regardless of faction." The Israeli army confirmed this, with one official putting Fateh activists on notice that "as long as they roam around carrying

weapons they will be responsible for their blood,

Cracking up

If the Israeli army really has abandoned the tacit ceasefire between itself and armed Palestinian units who nonetheless support the peace deal, it signals two significant changes in Israel's military policy towards Fateh. First. that the army's efforts to prise apart Fateh activists from those of the rejectionist groups via its amnesty campaign has been an unmitigated disaster, succeeding only in "imploding" Fateh in Gaza into a number of centrifugal and competing blocs rather than a coherent political movement. And second - and because of this — that the Israelis no longer believe the established Fateh leadership in Gaza is able to deliver on matters of security, least of all from amongst its own cadres. For Israeli journalists Ehud Ye'ari - known for his close contacts with the security apparatus — the consensus among Israeli military and civil experts" is now that "Arafat is the only Palestinian who can rule, the territories."

What this pat prognosis fails to include, however, is changg Palestinian perceptions on the ground, and especially the corrosive logic whereby the more Fatch is perceived to be weak inside the Strip, the greaauthority outside it. a fact brought home on Jan. 29 when for the first time in anybody's memory Fateh lost control of Gaza's Engineers Association.

In elections for nine seats -

with nearly 1,000 votes cast -Fateh won four, the Islamic bloc four, with the remaining position tied — the Nationalist and Islamist candidates getting 410 votes apiece. Like Gaza. the engineers had historically been a bastion of mainstream nationalist support. Four months down the road from the Declaration of Principles. that bastion is starting to crack up — Middle East Interna-

because of external pressures

but because Asians are deman-

ding the right to live in a clean

and healtby environment as

well as the right to develop-

The writer, director of the

Institute of Policy Studies in

Singapore, served as chairman

of the main committee at the

United Nations Conference on

Environment and Develop-

ment in Rio de Janeiro. This

article is reprinted from the

International Herald Tribune.

The Bosnia war crimes could go unpunished

By Sadruddin Aga Khan

GENEVA — The slaughter of 68 people at a crowded market in Sarajevo on a week ago brutally demonstrates how ineffectual western leaders and the United Nations have been in stopping the genocide in Bosnia.

Less noticed is the discreet gutting of the one opportunity for justice — however in-adequate — that the international community had promised to the citizens of that abused country.

The seeth are being pulled from the International War Crimes Tribunal, set up by the U.N. Security Council with fanfare last year. The U.N. War Crimes Commission. which is charged with assembling evidence, will soon be disbanded.

This is being done by the very statesmen who hailed the tribunal - at least publicly as the means of ensuring that however unfavourable a peace settlement would be to the Bosnians, they could at least see justice done to the perpetrators of mass rape, murder and

For people who have lost family, homes, communities and country, the prospect of protracted international legal proceedings against the Serbian and Croatian leaders Slobodan Milosevic, Franjo Tudjman. Radovan Karadzic and their lieutenants might seem cold comfort at best.

Yet, as the Nuremberg trials demonstrated, holding a vicious regime to account is an important act of renewal for both sides.

Now that opportunity may be lost.

The U.N. secretary-general, Boutros Ghali, has indicated that he expects the War Crimes Commission to wrap up its work by April. This abrupt closing of the investigation before the tribunal is properly up and running is already having consequences on the ground. It has raised doubts about the tribunal's legal authority for completing the exhumation of a mass grave of Croatian victims of suspected Serbian war crimes in Vukovar. Future investigations, and therefore prosecutions, are also likely to be undercut. To make things worse, the Venezuelan appointed to be chief prosecutor has now renounced the job to pursue a political career. This means further delay.

International leaders are engaged in a monumental whitewash of Serbian and Croatian leaders for reasons of political expediency, to keep them at the negotiating table.

Reluctant to use air strikes or other military intervention. western politicians offer these leaders a new respectability and the promise of eventual financial support, grateful for any indication that they will stop the atrocious war

Many of the international negotiators who initially went along with the idea of a war crimes tribunal probably never thought of it as a practical possibility. but as a convenient way to silence human rights activists and other supporters of the Bosnians. Perhaps they thought the tribunal could be used later as a bargaining chip to win Serbian and Croatian agreement to win Serbian and Croatian agreement to a peace settlement. For critics of the West's

cowardly stance during this savage war, however, the tribunal mattered: It offered some prospect of accounta-

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Although it was never likely that the paper trail would exist to implicate top officials, the successful prosecution of field commanders and local extremists who encouraged mass rape and murder might have begun a healing process after the war.

Now, though, the neutering of the international tribunal is under way. Only a facade will remain, it seems - one that can be counted on not to produce embarrassing prosecutions. a neat Machiavellian

Consider the separate agreement signed last year by the Bosnian Muslim leader Fikret Abdic with Serbia. It is an indication of what an eventual peace treaty between the warring parties could encompass. The agreement states that each side will prosecute its own, and that each regards the conflict as an internal matter.

The implications for potential war crimes trials are significans. Under international law, only international wars can produce such crimes. Thus, threats of war crimes prosecutions from the U.N. tribunal would become meaningless.

Fortunately, the tribunal also has jurisdiction over two other categories of crimes genocide and crimes against humanity, the latter covering crimes such as mass rape. For these categories, international prosecution overrides national law. Yet even here jurisdiction without political

vill is ineffectual. The goal of prosecuting and punishing offenders must not be abandoned. It is not only a. question of punishing barbaric [crimes. It is just as important that we have a complete historical record of the war. We oweit to the victims, we owe it to ourselves and we owe it to

Above all, by insisting on such a record, we reassert our own humanity and decency and declare solidarity with those who have suffered.

We also send a strong message to other potential violators. There must be a clear threat that even if these criminals remain protected at home, they will be pariahs abroad.

The latest outrage in Sarajevo requires an immediate response by the United Nations and NATO. But it requires more than that. An attack of that scale on civilians is a war crime. It urgently reminds us of the need for a strengthened international tribunal that can pursue a full investigation and bring those responsible to justice.

The writer was the United Nadons high commissioner for refugees from 1965 to 1977. This article is reprinted from The New

De Klerk tries to convince voters that his party has changed

By Susan Thomas Agence France Presse

JOHANNESBURG - President Frederik de Klerk wrapped up a three-day campaign tour of Orange Free State this weekend, trying to convince voters, with mixed results, that his ruling National Party (NP) today is not the same one that invented apartheid.

His appeal to voters carried a twin message: That the NP had abolished apartheid, and that it had the economic knowhow to run government efficiently — something, he said, the "communist" African National Congress (ANC) would be incapable of doing.

The ANC is widely tipped to win the April 26-28 election. the country's first all-race poll.

The campaign trail took Mr. de Klerk away from his traditional white. Afrikaans-speaking constituents and, as he put it, into "enemy" black territory in rural farming communi-

This is not the same party that brought apartheid to

South Africa." he told about 1.000 black farmhands in Harrismith, on the border with Natal Province. "This is the party that put the noose around its neck and strangled

His message seemed to get across in the backward, rural areas. where few questioned the fact that the NP had institutionalised apartheid when it came to power in 1948 and put Mr. Mandela behind bars for 27 years because be opposed it:

Asked who he was going to vote for, one man said after the rally: 'The NP of course, because they released (ANC President Nelson) Mandela."

He was echoed by others. and Mr. de Klerk, addressing about 400 ragged farmworkers later in the day in a maize field on a prosperous white farm near Clarens, on the edge of Lesotho, asked: 'How many

schools has the ANC built?" "How many hospitals has it built?" he asked of the organisation that was unbanned in

High environmental standards do not deter investment

By Tommy T. B. Koh

link between development, on the one hand, and environment, population and poverty on the other. Some Asian states, such as Indonesia. have shown remarkable progress in economic development and the reduction of population growth. Others, such as Malaysia, have made impressive strides in reducing poverty. Yet major environmental challenges remain. As China and India indus-

SINGAPORE — There is a

trialise and grow, they will exert tremendous pressure on the earth's carrying capacity unless they avoid the path of progress at any cost and follow a course of sustainable development.

In the past, due to institutional and policy weakness, the needed infrastructure in many Asian countries and cities, such as sewerage and industrial waste disposal systems, failed to keep pace with economic expansion. As a result many Asian cities suffer from serious

Tokyo and Singapore are exceptions to the rule - models that other Asian cities can emulate. According to studies by the World Health Organisation, five of the seven cities with the worst air pollution — Beijing, Calcutta, Jakarta, New Delhi and Shenyang are in Asia. Two of the cities with the best air quality, Tokyo and Singapore, are also in

When Singapore began to industrialise in the 1960s, the government legislated and enforced high environmental standards to protect the land. air and water. Contrary to a belief then prevalent in the Third World, the increased costs to industry did not deter investment. The government also built

common treatment facilities to help industries, including facilities to process and dispose of toxic and hazardous wastes. As a result of these policies, three decades of rapid industrialisation in Singapore bave not despoiled the land, air or wa-

Singapore has adopted a radical approach to protecting the quality of its air and preventing the city from strangulation by motor vehicles. The government has invested heavily in public transport. There are an underground mass rapid transit service, an island-wide bus system and many taxis.

Growth of the motor vehicle population is controlled by setting a quota for each mouth, auctioning that quota by tender, and imposing a tax of about 200 per cent on the price of a vehicle plus a heavy road impost based on engine size. The government keeps the central business district free of congestion by making drivers of vehicles buy a licence to enter the area. It encourages scrapping of old vehicles and provides a tax incentive to use lead-free petrol and discourage leaded petrol. In another two years, Singa-

pore will introduce an electronic road pricing system. Each vehicle will be fitted with an electronic tag. Drivers will be billed monthly based on usage of the roads. If Singapore sucworld, not just for Asia.

I am confident that in the years ahead, Asia will meet the environmental challenge, not

ceeds in its experiment, it will have set an example for the

Israelis split on Zvilli remarks

(Continued from page 1)

dismantling the Jewish settlement of Netzarim which will be isolated from other centres of Israeli occupation when autonomy starts on the Gaza Strip. Mr. Tsaban made his plea

noting that the 28 families living at Netzarim had refused to allow soldiers to move into empty houses in the settlement to guarantee their protection. Foreign Minister Shimon Peres voiced opposition on

Saturday to the high cost of maintaining the tiny settlement, which demands imported labour and a round-theclock military guard. "This tiny settlement is stuck

like a bone in the throat in the strip," Mr. Tsaban told reporters after the cabinet meeting. "In my opinion its defence will require extraordinary expenditures and unusual complications. It also risks the lives of our soldiers.

"We have to seriously dis-

cuss the possibility of evacuating it."
The israel-Palestine Liberation (... nisation (PLO) dec-

laration of principles on Palestinian ::-rule signed in September provides that all Jewish settlements in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip will stay in place during an interim period of

Israeli soldiers will remain in Gaza to protect them. But security arrangements

for Gaza settlers are one of three major issues that have aiready delayed the start of an Israeli withdrawal from Gaza and Jericho by two months and dampened initial euphoria over the peace deal.

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serves as the basis of these reports.

laws and practices.

human rights.

By Waleed Sadi

The annual U.S. State Department reports on human rights

worldwide is an effort to show Washington's concern over

governments' human rights records by chronicling positive and

negative developments on yearly basis. Presumably, the information supplied by the U.S. diplomatic missions abroad

preparing the State Department's views on this subject. In a

sense, therefore, Washington's judgment is subjective to a

great extent that may or may not reflect the facts of the matter.

Against this backdrop, the message of the State Depart-

ment's 1993 report on Jordan appeared to be garbled, lacking

a central theme. I have some years of experience in human

rights endeavours, ever since I joined the U.N. Commission

on Human Rights in 1975, so I can say that, I found the reports

of the international system of burnan rights remarkably

different from those prepared by the State Department in

content and style. Whereas United Nations efforts consist of

documented information, the Washington ones appear to be a

list of conclusions and judgments based on interpretations of

This is not to suggest that the U.S. report on Jordan has no

redeeming value. On the contrary, the report contains some

observations and comments that are serious and true to the

best of my knowledge. My concern, however, is about the overall assessment and tone of the report which may give rise

to speculations about Jordan's commitment to democracy and

By way of example, I hasten to cite a few samples of

remarks contained in the 1993 report which could be mislead-

ing instead of being informative, as I am sure they were

originally intended to be. When the first paragraph states

categorically that "in practice the King sets the broad

parameters of foreign and domestic policy while the prime

minister exercises management of daily affairs," one gets the

distinct impression that the Monarch governs in absolute terms

without any constraints or guidelines and that the executive

Seldom is there reliance on independent submissions in

the tribunal of later as a bargang in Serbian and Ciment to win Serbian agreement to the serbian tian agreement 10. r critics of the rdly stance dung e war. however 1 mattered: li prospect of ac

though it was never he paper trail wor iplicate top office ssful prosecution anders and local in /ho encouraged me nurder might have ling process altern w. though, the tere international life r way. Only a face in. ii seems - os e counted on note embarrassing pr a near Machiae insider the separate signed last vear

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Jordan is particularly com-

branch of government under the prime minister is nothing but a municipal council dealing with such state matters as the collection of garbage or the supply of electricity and water. The picture is further distorted when the report goes on to say that Parliament is "subordinate to the executive branch."

A more realistic and faithful appraisal of the political structure in the Kingdom would reveal that for all intents and purposes His Majesty King Hussein does not exercise more prerogatives than for example the president of the U.S. or any other chief executive in many developed countries, not to mention developing nations. If the authority of the Monarch to dissolve Parliament under special conditions is what bothers the U.S., then it is fair to say that the exercises of this power has been carried out with maximum discretion and in a manner that is echoed in many democratic states.

Human Rights File

Besides, a Jordanian prime minister is anything but a 'mayor" of sorts. All of us who are privy to the political scene in the Kingdom know only too well that the King bands over nearly 90 per cent of the rein if not more to the prime minister and his team of ministers. Some of us are dismayed by such an excessive transfer of power and wish that the King involved himself a bit more in the management of the country.

This line of analysis leads the State Department to the equally invalid allegation that Parliament is subordinate to the executive branch. I presume that the prime minister and his cabinet are viewed as part and parcel of the executive branch. If this is the case, as it should be, then the impression left by the remark that the legislature plays second fiddle to the cabinet needs to be corrected, especially if the current phase of Jordanian democracy is taken into consideration. Surely it is acknowledged and appreciated that the contemporary and ancient history of the country is full of precedents where governments were voted out of office by the Lower House of Parliament.

In the second paragraph of the report, there is also a submission that "whereas the government has revoked martial law directives, important elements of martial law remain operative."

The 'right' to talk about others' rights

By way of example, the report refers to the "broad scope of police powers," as evidence of the continuation of the spirit of a manial law regime in the country. To begin with, martial law as such is a different subject from police powers per se. The former suspends constitutional rights while the latter reflects a policy issue on crime and punishment that is not necessarily

related to martial law regimes. Without suggesting for a moment that police can have a license to arrest and detain people without any legal guidelines or constraints, many of us in Jordan do not wish to curtail the powers of the police to the extent that many western nations have done at the expense of internal law and order. No nation would want to have criminals loose in the streets and witness the commission of crimes that can be preventable. U.S. President Bill Clinton has made this very issue the theme of his annual address to the Congress earlier this year and called for a more effective police and judicial measures to combat rampant crime in his country. The most recent U.S. statistics on crime revealed that the prison population in the U.S. has risen threefolded since 1974. No one can deny that the increase of crime in the U.S. is related, inter alia, to the disproportionate increase in legal safeguards offered to suspects. For many of us in Jordan, the choice in favour of a crime-free society is also a priority and we are not prepared to allow marginal legal technicalities stand in the way of keeping criminals off the streets.

In this vein, Jordanians do not wish to condone torture or the ill treatment of detainees or prisoners. As a marter of fact, Jordan has ratified the Convention against Torture in 1992 as evidence of its policy against mistreatment of suspects and prisoners. It is also a fitting reminder that Jordan had ratified the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR) as far back as 1977. (As a footnoie, the U.S. acceded to the ICCPR only two years ago!). So when the report states that "physical abuse of prisoners during interrogation and detention continues to occur," one can only say that this is probably true on limited occasions and needs therefore to be combated. Yet suggesting that such police excesses, when they occur reflect a state policy, makes the report in need of

correction. Many nations, including some of the most age. anced ones, suffer from police brutality. Most probably, the extent of the problem in Jordan is greater than that in the West. Yet is also fair to say that this phenomenon in Jordan has more to do with police training and discipline than with any current state policy.

What puzzled me most about the report in question, however, is the statement in the fourth paragraph to the effect that "citizens do not have the right to change their government." How absurd can one be! Where in the world do citizens have the inalienable and absolute right to change their governments by any means? Do the Americans, for example, bave the right to change the Republican form of their government? Nations have constitutions which draw the parameters of their respective systems of political structure. Jordan is no different and enjoys a written constitution that deserves also to be respected and upheld.

On the issue of freedom of speech and press, there was also a menoon of the view that the "government in Jordan continues to exercise limited censorship of local media." Without suggesting that we in Jordan have reached perfection in the exercise of free press, the Malhas affair and its wide and unimpeded coverage is a vivid example of how much press is free in Jordan. When the shocking disclosure about the state of food and medicine was freely aired by the media, then there is no cause for alarm about freedom of thought in Jordan. We certainly have more to go before we attain the level of free press that some western nations enjoy, but we are certainly well on our way in that direction. The only constraint that Jordan insists on in this context is to exercise this right in a responsible way, something that most nations would insist on. undoubtedly. In this vein, the call for making Jordan television more independent is increasingly gaining more currency and could very well be in the pipeline.

To sum it up, Jordan is not perfect in its human rights record, but which country is? Moreover, Jordan stands out among the other states of the region as indeed exemplary in its efforts to spring new roots for its democratic process. This much was not reflected io the State Department's report on

Ayala-Lasso named to serve ar crimes training as U.N. human rights commissioner

UNITED NATIONS -Ecuadorean Ambassadur Jose Ayala-Lasso, the man nominated by U.N. Secretary General Boutros Ghali to serve as the first U.N. High Commissioner for Human Rights, is a wellknown and highly praised diplomat of many years' experience on the international

The secretary general announced his intention to name the 62-year-old former Ecuadorean foreign minister to the sensitive and controversial post in a February I news conference. The appointment must be approved by the U.N.

General Assembly. Since 1989, Ayala-Lasso has served as Ecuador's ehief envoy to the United Nations. Recognised for his expertise as a negotiator, the ambassador has been frequently interviewed by journalists seeking his views on difficult Security

Council deliberations related to various world crises including Iraq, the former Yugorkivia, Libya and Somulia. Ayala-Lasso was Ecuador's representative to the Security Council in 1991 and 1992, serving as president of the council in August 1991 and September 1992. He was chairman of the council's sanctions committee

After announcing his decision to nominate Ayala-Lasso. Boutros-Ghali praised the ambassador for his "expertise in human rights" on both

for the former Yugoslavia in

academic and practical levels. The secretary general noted that Ayala-Lasso is the author of works on international affairs and human rights and also was instrumental in helping to break the deadlock between developed and developing nations on creating the post of High Commissioner for Hu-

"The fact that he was able to overcome the different opposinons for the creation of the job and... was the chief negotiator of the resolution which was adopted by consensus is proof that he is very much aware" of the problems related to human

rights. Boutros-Ghali said. U.S. Ambassador Madeleine Albright called the agreement "a major milestone for world human rights" and "a far-reaching achievement in international relations.... We regard this step as a global triumph for human dignity, individual rights and fundamental freedoms," she said.

Ayala-Lasso was chairman of the special group that worked out the delicate compromise resolution, which ended over 30 years of debate and resolved longstanding attempts to create the controversial position of high eommissioner for human rights.

He was praised for his skill in handling the complicated diplomatic negotiations which resolved the differences between Western nations seeking an activist with a specific mandate to carry out investigations of alleged abuses, and Third World countries perceiving the post as an instrument of evercion or sanctions against certain states.

At the end of the negotiations December 15. Ayala-Lasso noted that "after many years of doubt on this matter. we have provided the international community with a new institution which is going to work for what everybody

wants - human rights." "I think it is a great success because everybody is satisfied with the text. This is a text which concentrates the common ideals of the members of the United Nations regarding human rights." Ayala-Lasso said. "It is a text which gives enough lantude of action to the high commissioner to make effective work. It is also a text which presents very clear limits of action for the high commissioner to eliminate any doubt which could emerge in the work in this very delicate field of promoting and protecting human rights.

If appruved, Ayala-Lasso will be principal U.N. official charged with the responsibility to promote and protect "the effective enjoyment by all of all civil. cultural, economie, political, and social rights."

He will provide, through the Centre for Human Rights. advisory services and technical and financial assistance to states and regional organisations, coordinate relevant U.N. education and public information programmes and coordinate human rights activities throughout the U.N. system. He also will "engage in dialogue with all governments in the implementation" of his mandate "with a view to securing respect for all human aceording to the General Assembly resolution

adopted December 20, 1993. Ayala-Lasso will hold the rank of under secretary general and will report to Bnutros-Ghali, the Commission on Human Rights and the Ecunomie and Social Council.

Diplomats agree that, as the first high commissioner for human rights, Ayala-Lasso will play an important role in establishing precedents to be followed by his successors and in more elearly defining the mandate set forth hy the General Assembly.

"We created a high visibility post," one U.S. official said, in describing the new position. We believe the high commissioner can allract resources, can get governments to agree to these kinds of programmes.... The high commissioner is going to be able to put pressure on governments to accept these kinds of programmes and pressure on donor governments to contribute money for those kinds of prog-

rammes. One key pruvision, the official said, is that the high commissioner is to be appointed hy the secretary general for a fixed term of four years with a possibility of being named to

serve for an additional fouryear term. That will afford the high commissioner a little more independence than a typical under secretary general

In December, Ayala-Lasso said he was "very much personally convinced the effectiveness" of the high commissioner for human rights will be determined by the extent to which that individual is able to inspire the trust of others, If successful in that regard. Ayala-Lasso said. the high commissioner will be able to be in touch with governments to avoid violations (of human rights) or correct human rights situations.

Ayala-Lasso brings wide experience to his new task. A career foreign service officer. he served in the embassies of Ecuador in Japan, Italy, Peru and Belgium. He was ambassador to Peru, Belgium, Luxembourg, the European Community and the United Nations and served as minister of foreign affairs from 1977 to 1979. He is currently the president of the International Association of Permanent Representatives to the United Nations. Avala-Lasso speaks Spanish, French. English and Italian.

He holds degrees in international law and political science. and in social, public and economic sciences. He studied at the Central University of Ecuador, the Catholie University of Ecuador, and the Universite Catholique de Louvain, Belgium.

The ambassador has taught at the Schools of International Law and Economie Sciences of the Central University of Ecuador and has participated in seminars and roundtables organised by the International Peace Academy, the Stanley Foundation and the Council of Foreign Diplomats.

His articles nn international affairs have been published in newspapers and journals; he is currently preparing a book un the Security Council — U.S. Information Agency.

Currie's spicy style pays off

By Paul Majendie Reuter

LONDON — With a timely saga on bed-hopping politicians, Edwina Currie lays claim to be the first female member of the House of Commons to have written a novel.

Blurring fact and fiction proved to be a potent cocktail. "A.Parliamentary Affair" sold out its first print run and Currie, a Conservative exminister, enjoyed a barrage of publicity that any author would give their word processor for. Her tale of sexual antics in

the corridors of power coinamong Conservative politicians that made a mockery of Prime Minister John Major's "back to basics" campaign to return to family values. Currie, who last year turned

down a chance to be in Major's government, said: "The timing was sheer chance. There is always some scandal lurking in a journalist's notebook in Bri-"But I was not quite expect-

ing this. We are up to three resignations, four illegitimate babies, a couple of financial scandals and very tragically we have had two suicides," she added of the flurry of revelations to hit Major's government. .

These range from one minister's resignation over a love ehild and another stepping down after his wife committee suicide over his reported affair with a London socialite.

Currie, no stranger to controversy herself, said: "No woman member of parliament has ever written a novel before as far as I know and it seemed to me time that one of us did." She is best known in Britain

for a brief but stormy career as a headline-grabbing health

Miners eat into Amazon

By William Schomberg Reuter

jos, a remote corner of Para State deep to the Amazon rainforest, lies at the heart of Brazil's lawless gold rusb.

miners, known as garimpeiros, have flocked to the 60,000-sqkm region to dig for gold as veins at other Brazilian sites start to dry op.
"There is oo missing Tapa-

jos," said Elmer Prata Salomao, director of the government's National Mining Department. "The place has been totally changed.

said.

dwindles — 30 tonnes in 1993 compared with 100 tonnes in 1988, according to government estimates — the miners push deeper into the forest and often into Indian reservations,

Wildcat mining, aloog with the illegal trade in precious mahogany trees, is now seen by the government and environmentalists as a greater-threat to the Amazon than the widescale burning of forest by

cattle ranchers. put the number of garimpeiros active in Brazil at 400,000, most of them in the Amazon region. Barely 10 per cent are recognised by Brazilian law.

The law is awful," said Mr. Salomao. "There's hardly any control." Brazilian law recognises

worker cooperatives that represent garimpeiros but not individual garimpeiros themselves. The cooperatives, however, tend to be dominated by powerful middlemen.

They fly from mine to mine ary of \$320 a month.

Brazil's congress is currently

RIO DE JANEIRO - Tapa-

An estimated 90,000 wildcat

Surface mines and impromptu landing strips scar the forest and many rivers are heavy with sediment and poisooous mercury used to extract gold from ore. Other rivers have disappeared altogether, syphoned off by the miners, Mr. Salomao

As Brazilian gold production

A recent government survey

in private planes, invest heavily in equipment and seldom declare their wealth while paying miners an average salmulling over a new law for

wildcat mining. Among the suggestions are proposals that the government buy gold from the garimpeiros, bring the industry into the country's taxation system and encourage the use of less en-vironmentally damaging techniques. At the top of the agenda, officials say, is recognition of individual wildcat miners.

"We have to make the miners legal," said Environment Minister Rubens Ricupero. Without a law there can be oo organisation.'

Mr. Ricopero was also named Brazil's first Amazon minister last year shortly after garimpeiros invaded a Yanomami Indian reservation rich in gold and other minerals and killed 16 members of the remote tribe.

Controlled economie velopment, such as mining, timber and agriculture, is the best way of preserving the Amazon, he said. With financial backing from

the Group of Seven industrialised nations, Brazil is about to start mapping the vast rainforest to determine which areas are best suited to development and which should be preserved.

Development might be permitted on Indian reservations under a system like that of the United States, where tribe members are compensated for the development of their land,

Mr. Ricupero said. Brazil may also apply to the European Union and the United States for reduced tariffs for exports like cashew nuts and tropical fruits grown in the Amazon, Colombian coffee enjoys tariff privileges in the United States to encourage Andean farmers to grow crops other than cocaine and Brazilian officials are hoping for

similar support. For the time being, however, Brazil can do virtually noing to stop the damage inflicted on the Amazon by wild-

Some Brazilian states have not yet set up environmental bodies and few municipalities. can afford such luxuries.

cials are responsible for monitoring the two million-hectare Parque Nacional do Pico da Neblina on the border with Venezuela. As a result, garimpeiros are mining in the nation-Environmentalists argue

that the way to bring the mining under control is to resolve long-standing social problems that force garimpeiros to scratch out a living in the jungle.



JORDAN PETROLEUM REFINERY COMPANY LTD AMMAN -

THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN Tenderers invitation for prequalification and bidding No. 1/94

Jordan Petroleum Refinery Co. Ltd., announces tender invitation No. 1/94 for the supply, erection and commissioning the requirements for gas turbine and heat recovery steam generation project which shall include; building of one or two gas turbine(s) with power generator(s) having a total capacity of 6-8 MW. at Zarqa Refinery site. 50 tor/hr at 44 bar heal recovery steam generator (boiler) utilising independent firing and/or the recovered heat of turbine exhaust, fuel cas gathering system, diesel oil pumps and accompanying acilities including all civil, mechanical and electrical works related to the installations.

Contractors with full experience in the same field and are qualified financially and technically, and who wish to participale in this lender, ate invited to submil their prequalification documents not later than 12:00 hrs. on 19/3/1994.

Prequalitication documents should include the following: 1. Financial capability of the contractor, financial references are to be provided.

2. Technical capability of the contractor including details of experience and background of personnel, specifications ol available equipment, elc.

3. Detailed documents showing similar projects executed by the contractor, full names and addresses of firms and details of projects including contract(s) cost, and comple-

Results of prequalification shall be announced and advised to participants as soon as they become available. Eligible contractors may obtain tender documents from the company's head offices at the First Circle, Jabat Amman, against non-tafundable JD 300 pet set not later than

Offers should be submitted by the qualified contractors to the company's head offices not later than 12:00 hrs. Sunday.

Chairman Board of Directors

King urges citizens to be alert and vigilant

(Continued from page 1)

agreement with Israel and then discuss the details of the

Jordan, of course, rejected this move because Jordan seeks a just and durable peace and seeks to regain its territory and water and other rights in implementation of the Israeli-Jordanian agenda for negotiations" signed on Sept. 14. the

We have to know about our share and the shares allotted for other concerned parties. the King said. "We believe peace is an objective and an end, but there cannot be any peace unless all these issues have been settled and addres-

"Signing an agreement and negotiating its terms later is nut peace but capitulation." he

mitted in seeking peace since it believes that its people did nut have a moment of peace over the decades and deserve a peace that is just, durable and comprehensive and that brings about positive changes in people's life, he said.

The King expressed hope that progress would be made soon in the Israeli-Syrian and Israeli-Lehanese tracks and emphasised the need for Israeli withdrawal from all occupied territuries as a prerequisite for

He said he believed Israel should recognise Syrian sovereignty over the Golan Heights. "Perhaps towards the end of this year or in the first few months of next year, we will witness progress along all tracks that would lead to the goal that we all seck."

Coordination between Jor-

dan and the Palestine Liberation Organisation [PLO], the King said. "is inevitable in detailed terms and in all aspects if we were to suppon the Palestinians and have a common voice with them."

There has been an "im-

provement" in Jordan-PLO

coordination, but "I cannot say that we are une hundred per cent satisfied." We are satisfied that we have covered all the aspects where coordination must be

achieved," said the King, "But we insist that coordination must cover all issues of eummon concern until such time when Jordanian citizens reach a point of choosing between remaining a member of this family or seek other options such as compensation or repatriation. Until such time

we remain one family." The King reaffirmed his refusal to accept any savereignts except that of God over Jerusalem. The Holy City could be a converging point for peace between tsrael and the Palestinians, hut Jordan insists that the supervision and care of Islamic holy shrines in the city should be the responsibility of the Muslim World as a whole.

It is towards this objective that he recently announced a new committee for Jerusalem attairs made up of "apolitical" personalities, the King said. The meeting was attended

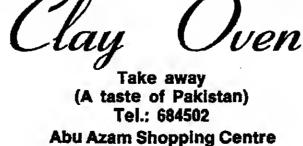
hy Unner House Speaker Ahmad Lawzi and members Zeid Al Rifai, Thougan Hindawi, Laila Sharaf, Amer Khammash, Kamel Al Sharit, Raja'i Al Mu'asher, Kamel Ahu Jaber, Nacia Al Rashdan, Abdullah Salah, Sa'eed Al Tal, Daoud Hanania, Habes Al Majali, Nathir Rashid and Mohammail Rasonl.

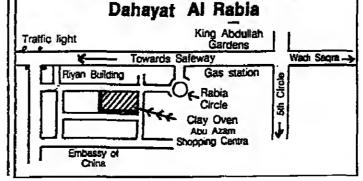
It was also attended by the King's advisor Khaled Al Karaki, Marwan Al Quem, Yanal Hikmat and Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Al Hassan.

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chefs flown in from Pakistan is available at





Japan to make own trade moves after U.S. talks fail

ou its own after the failure of a U.S.-Japan summit to reach agreements on critical trade deals, Prime Minister Morihiro Hosokawa said Sunday.

"Soon after returning home, we will consider the problem. Our side must come up with some wisdom and Japan will do what it can on its own," Mr. Hosokawa told reporters abbard s special government plane shortly before arriving back in Tokyo.

Mr. Hosokawa and U.S. President Bill Clinton failed at their three-bour summit Friday to reach key accords mandated under a July 1993 economic framework pact aimed at cutting Japan's trade surplus and improving access to specific

-In the talks with Mr. Clinton Mr. Hosokawa rejected setting numerical trade targets, arguing that this would lead to managed trade. Washington said it needed quantifisble ways to measure how well Tokyo was opening up its mar-

"Japan's top government spokesman Masayoshi Tske-

Japan must make new marketopening proposals before the next Group of Seven summit in July to defuse trade tensions with Washington.

'On our own initiative, we should draft plans to further open our market and increase domestic demand," chief cabinet secretary Masayoshi Takemura said in a televised

Mr. Clinton and Mr. Hosokawa will meet again in Naples for the Group of Seven summit of leading industrialised na-

Both Mr. Hosokawa and Mr. Clinton said they were unsure how they would proceed on the trade issue from now, but senior U.S. officials have hinted at retaliatory steps against Tokyo.

The Washington Post reported Sunday that the Clinton administration bas decided to impose sanctions on some Japanese imports to bolster its negotiating positions.

The paper said no decision has been made on which products to target for sanctions.

of lans to slap penalty duties on selected Japanese products if officials concluded that Japan has violated a 1989 pact to open its cellular telephone market to Motorola.

Mr. Takemura said Japan would refer any U.S. retaliation to the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT).

A senior Japanese trade official said Friday in Washington that a U.S. sanction strike would provoke Japan to break off the framework pact, but added the cellular telephone dispute was not technically related to the framework talks. Most big Japanese dailies appealed Sunday for a calm.

respone to the breakdown of the U.S.-Japan talks. "Until now, U.S.-Japan summits always ended with the

sort of agreement that only touched the surface, leaving seeds for later disputes," the Asahi Shimbun said in an editorial. "This frank exchanges of 'no's' was probably better than the way it was when any sort of agreement

Asahi said Japan should now

Study sees problems for OPEC from foreign partnership

ABU DHABI (AFP) — OPEC members deciding to boost their output by entering into partnership with foreign companies could face problems in the future. A United Arab Emirates (UAE) study has concluded.

Some members of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) are considering allowing foreign ownership to help secure funds and technology for multi-billiondollar projects to boost capac-ity, said the study, published in the oil ministry's monthly magazine, Oil and Industry

But it could lead to fresh problems for the organisation already plagued by rifts among its members, the study warned.

The study found that the 12-nation OPEC could meet world demand by 1995 pro-vided Iraq, which has a capacity of more than three million barrels per day (b/d), is allowed to resume exports of

But by 2000, the growth in world consumption will lead to a supply shortage of around 2.8 million b/d unless OPEC states press ahead with expan-sion projects after 1995, it

"Any foreign company entering a joint venture will The study said OPEC producers could resort to selfnaturally set its own terms like financing or foreign loans to fund an estimated \$120 billion of projects aimed at increasing capacity to between eight mil-lion b/d to 10 million b/d by

"The last but firm option for OPEC states is to resort to equity participation. Admitting foreign partners means a concession in the national sovereignty but it is the price which must be paid by some producers," it said.

There is another complication resulting from equity par-ticipation, which is that the producing country could no longer control part of its output. This becomes clear when that producer is asked to reduce output in line with quota agreements by OPEC," the study pointed out.

The study said Nigeria had suffered from such a problem but was unclear about whether it existed in the UAE, where foreign companies control 40 per cent of the crude production of 2.16 million. Other major Gulf producers nationalised their oil sector about 20 years ago.

protection against nationalisa-tion or confiscation, free profit transfer, the right to resort to international arbitration, stable tax systems, protection of intellectual property and other conditions," it said. Most of the capacity increase will come from Saudi Arabia, the world's leading crude pro-

ducer and exporter, as well as Kuwait, Iran, Iraq and the UAE as they control more than 60 per cent of the world's proven crude reserves of near-

ly one trillion barrels. But Iran is suffering from a war-shattered economy with a debt of about \$18 billion, while Iraq is still under a U.N. embargo following its 1990 invasion of Kuwait.

Kuwait, where capacity expansions are estimated at \$8 billion, still has about \$38 billion in overseas assets, but has become indebted and is facing a huge defence bill due to the

The study by the ministry's former adviser Mohammad Halawi, said Saudi Arabia's overseas reserves have plummetted to about \$40 billion from \$56 billion at the end of

Although it did not give any reasons. Saudi is known to have used its reserves to cover a presistent budget deficit and finance an allied campaign to liberate Kuwait.

"It is clear Kuwait and Sandi Arabia will not find any difficulty in obtaining loans as they need around \$25 billion to raise capacity and maintain the current capacity," the study

Oman foreign debt \$3b — official

MUSCAT (R) — Oman's foreign debt grew to 1.15 billion Omani riyals (\$3 billion) at the end of 1993, an Omani finance official was quoted as saying. Hamood Bin Ibrahim

Samar, undersecretary at the ministry of finance and economy, told Al Watan newspaper that the foreign debt was by all accounts a very reasonable figure given the world economy.

He said the debt was less than projected export revenues for 1994 but did not give further details.

Gross domestic product stood at 4.29 billion riyals (\$11.15 billion) in 1992.

Oman, a small oil producer, said its 1994 budget deficit was expected to fall to 301 million riyals (\$792 million).

Mr. Samar said a \$300 million loan he expected to be finalised sbortly would not be used to finance the deficit.

"This loan will not be used to make up for the budget deficit but for development projects from 1991, 1992 and 1993, the newspaper quoted Mr. Samar as saying. "The loan agreement will be signed

shortly. They said the loan would be the sultanate's first sovereign borrowing in more than two years. The four banks arranging the loan are the Bahrainbased Gulf International Bank, the Chase Manhattan Bank N.A., Commerzbank A.G. and the Bank of Tokyo

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But it said that one option World Bank official says inflation still China's gravest threat

BELJING (AFP) - Runaway inflation is the gravest threat facing the Chinese economy and a strong monetary policy is vital to keeping it in check, a senior World.Bank official was

quoted Sunday as saying.

The risk of high inflation is the greatest challenge facing China's economy in the near term," Pieter Bottelier, the World Bank's chief of mission in China, was quoted as saying in the China Business Weekly.

"It is now more important than ever to be prudent in monetary policies." Mr. Bottetier said, stressing that excessive growth in the money supply could fuel inflation and destabilise China's newly unified exchange rate, thus undermining investor confidence and slowing economic growth.

In July last year, the government slapped tight control on credit, amid an investmentfuelled economic boom that had resulted in a surge of growth in the money supply and rampant inflation of nearly 20 per cent in major Chinese

TOKYO (AFP) — Japan's

Toyota Motor Corp, said Tues-

day its pre-tax profit plunged

48.7 per cent to 83.2 billion yen (\$743 million) in the six

months to December as a re-

sult of the strong yen and weak

for factor in the decline in

earnings, as were difficult

Exchange rates were a ma-

domestic sales.

the environment He also praised China's boldness in unifying its foreign exchange system at the beginning of the year, although he

pressure on infrastructure and

added that the move would have to be quickly followed by further liberalisation of interest rates and development of the inter-bank market.

. Referring to China's \$12.18 billion trade deficit last year after four years of surplus -Mr. Bottelier warned China against allowing a long-term imbalance. "However, with the unifica-

and prudent macroeconomic policies, there is a good chance for China to reverse this trend and the situation may be man-

ageable," he said. As the fastest-growing eco-

domestic market conditions,"

the country's biggest carmaker

dwide, said its operating earn-

mgs suffered an even sharper

decline in the same period,

diving 84 per cent to only 9.3

Sales dropped almost 13 per

cent from a year earlier to

Toyota, ranked third worl-

nomy in the world, China must Mr. Bottelier welcomed the immediately address environ-Chinese government's target of mental concerns connected nine per cent economic growth with commercial and industrial in 1994, saying last year's fi-gure of 13 per cent was too high and had placed excessive development if it is to avoid footing a steep clean-up bill in the future, Mr. Bottelier

> "An excessive rate of economic expansion may lead to environmental damage, which will be extremely costly in the long run," he pointed ont.

Mr. Bottelier also urged swifter action to be taken over loss-making state enterprises, which he described as a "serious problem." Meanwhile, the China Daily

has said China needs heavy foreign investment to fund an ambitious road and port construction programme aimed at easing existing transport bottlenecks that have hampered

The ministry has set a target of 18,000 kilometres of new highway for 1994, including 960 kilometres of expressway to be funded by the ministry and local governments.

3.988 trillion yen with total

vehicles sales plunging 14.2 per cent to 1.681 million units.

Domestic slaes fell 8.7 per cent

to 1.002 million units while

exports slumped 21.2 per cent

to 678.778 units, the company

figures reflected "a decrease in

exports to North America re-

Toyota said the lower export

Stronger yen slashes Toyota profit by 48% in first half

trade frictions within two years. Iran, European trade partners negotiate debt

NICOSIA (R) — Iran, squeezed by the fall in oil prices, is negotiating with maior European trade partners to reschedule its debts, an Iranian newspaper said Sunday.

adopt its own market-opening

measures and nrged the United

States to act calmly, taking into

account the successful results

of earlier trade agreements

over beef, oranges, supercom-puters and satellites.

"At times in a mature bi-

lateral relationship, we must

accept the concept of 'to agree

to disagree," the Yomiuri Shimbun said. "We should see

the results of the talks as a sign

that U.S.-Japan relations in

the post-cold war era are enter-

ing a new, mature stage."
Trade Minister Horoshi

Kumagai also said the sum-

mit's outcome signalled a new

"Japan and the United

States have entered a stage to

create a new relationship

where one side is no longer

subordinate to the other,"

Sunday's daily Japan Times

manage and solve troubles and

conflicts," Mr. Kumagai said,

but he added there was no

need to scrap the bilateral

commitment made last July to

seek agreement to remove

"We must seek a new way to

quoted him as saying.

THe weekly Kayhan Havai said most of Iran's short term debt of \$9 billion was owed to

Bankers said earlier Iran owed Germany at least \$2.5 billion in arrears by the end of December, mostly involving the German state export insurance agency Hermes. The \$9 billion figure appears

to refer to arrears on shortterm debt, and not the total debt which is variously put by bankers at \$20-\$30 billion. The paper quoted diplomats in Tehran as saying Germany

and other European Union countries were negotiating on of opposition from Washing-

'As the Paris Club (of creditor countries) considers rescheduling payments, the United States, seeing an opportunity

sulting from the increase in

local production and a de-

crease of exports to Europe

because of the continuing slug-gish European market."

siso lower, with industrial

vehicle sales declining 12.4 per

cent to 19,927 units in the six

months and sales of prefabri-

cated houses falling 4.4 per

Sales in other sectors were

to squeeze Iran economically. remain opposed to any agreement which may be reached." the newspaper said in a report carried by the Iranian news agency 1RNA.

But it quoted a German official as saying bilateral talks were under way.

"We are carefully studying Iran's request to reschedule the short-term loan repayments and we expect a mutual agreement to be reached soon between Tehran and Bonn," the newspaper quoted German charge d'affaires in Iran Eckart Cuntz as saying.

Iran's central bank governor Mohammad Hussein Adeli was quoted in a Tehran newspaper in January as saying Iran had arrears of \$8 billion on its foreign debt, mostly in the

form of trade credits. Kayhan Havai quoted the German embassy's under trade commissioner Jaochim Fitza as saying negotiations were under way which could solve the debt problem within weeks.

Toyota said the stronger yen was the main factor behind the

slump in operating profits,

while the impact of weak sales

was about half as strong. These

negative factors were, howev-

er, partly offset by cost produc-

tions and lower depreciation

expense and other factors.

cent to 1,492 units.

UAE bank claims on private

sector soar ABU DHAB1 (R) - Banks in

the United Arab Emirates (UAE) increased by about \$1 billion their already bloated claims on the private sector in 1993, when the central bank introduced new rules to curb

The latest UAE central bank figures show commercial bank claims on the private sector rose to 57 billion dirhams (\$15.5 billion) by the end of November 1993 from 53.4 billion dirhams (\$14.5 billion) at: the end of 1992.

It was the highest increase in the past five years.

The claims of the private sector dwarf UAE bank claims of government and official entíties, which stood at 12 billion dirhams (\$3 billion) and three billion dirhams (\$817 million) respectively through the end of November 1993.

Private sector claims, which refer to commercial bills, mortgages loans, overdrafts and advances, were among the targets of a new central bank rule in 1993 to curb lending.

"The lending rule tries to discourage banks from putting all their eggs in one basket,

said one senior bank manger. Bankers in the UAE said there would be further clarification or changes to the rule which has a grace period through 1995.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR MONDAY FEBRUARY 14, 1994 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Eliminate any personal prohiems that are holding you back. Be active and express your happiness as you show increased devolion to those you love and admire. Avoid one who has a

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) advice from an expert on monetary matters. Show your admiration for this person. Use your energy wisely for best results.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Although recreation is on your mind now, plan some time for an important business matter as well. Do whatever will add to your personal charm.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Contact experts for information on how you can commercialise talents. Evening will be good for romance. Try not to be too extra-

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) A dynamic friend will go along with your ideas gladly pro-vided you are willing to listen to advice offcred. Being social and making new and worthwhile friends will be an asset to you in

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) if you do efficient work today, you make the right impression on bigwigs and you can increase benefits. Do something important of a civic nature.

VIRGO: (August 22 to Septemher 22) By going out socially you find you get excellent ideas from persons you meet that can be put in operation to your benefit. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Plan some time for that hobby that pleases both yourself and kin and have fun at it. Put in un efficient dsy's work first though for your success.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Come to a better agreement with associates. whether in business or otherwise. You are sble to reconcile with one from whom you have been estrange for a long time.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Get husy on whatever is of a practical financial nature make hig strides in this. Consult with one who is an expert in such matters and get the right advice.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Forget all that fol-derol and busy yourself with the bustling world of activity and make real progress there. Set up appointments carly.

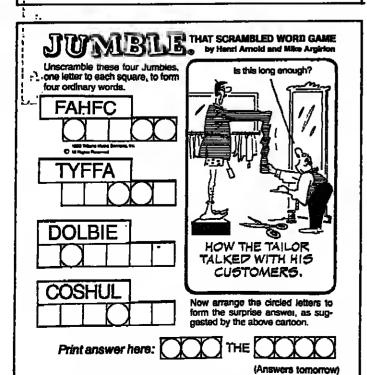
AQUARIUS: (January 21 10 February 19) Analyse the situation at home thoroughy and then go ahead and do whatever increases harmony and prosperity there. Study that new interest well and proceed with caution. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You have to make certain contacts first before you can come to a perfect understanding

new modus operandi you want to

put in motion with persons who could be vital to its success.

THE BETTER HALF, By Harris HARRIS

Stanley doesn't listen. I told him I wanted a nose job and he said we could use the extra income."



Jumbles: LOUSY DRYLY BLUING MOTHER What the successful baker watched — THE "DOUGH" RISE

Andy Capp







Peanuts







Mutt'n'Jeff



THE Daily Crossword by Frances Burton S Initial progress 9 Stringing insec 13 Trabek of TV 14 Inventor How16 Stravinsky 17 He wash 1 in "The Birds" 19 Lead on 20 Source of concett 21 Loathing 22 Snoozing 24 Citrus fruit 2. Lal 25 Jal — 26 Quick bread

9 He had no part in "The Lion in 44 Tiers 45 Far-flung 46 Tranquil 49 Intimidate Winter"
10 Malanal fever
11 Tender
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29 Silly ones
30 Moslam prince
31 Puts on

RUARY I4, 194

(R)—Oman's los grew to 1.15 billion als (\$3 billion) at the 3, an Omani financ is quoted as saving od Bin Iblahir idersecretary at the of finance and co. i Al Watan newspa ie foreign debi COURS & VERY TERM re given the work

I the debt was ky ected expon revenue out dio not give funk domestic produc

4.29 billion ma a small oil produce 94 budget deficit to fall to 301 miles 92 million). mar said a \$300 mg he expected to k shortly would not b inance the defici oan will not be us: up for the budg ut for developme.

from 1991 100 a.

e newspaper quoic

ar as saving. T ement will be sign. aid the loan would; nate's first soverer g in more than n e four banks arms oan are the Bahrar Bulf Internation e Chase Manhaux A.. Commerchan i the Bank of Tok

E ARY 14, 1994 Righter Foundate

a meet that can hepe on to your henelit September 23 to 0cm an some time for the t pleases both round d have fundin Pub ent day's work for r your success D: (October 21)

21) Come to a belor with associated

i business or otherad able to reconcile 🗪 whom you have been for a long time RIUS: (November 2 iber 211 Get hus a is of a practical line e make by sindow ult with one who bat such multers and # advice.

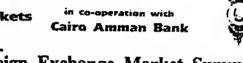
)RN: (December 끄) (0) Forger all that he busy yourself with the world of activity and progress there Scial enis early.

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Jordan Times Financial in co-operation with Markets



Foreign Exchange Market Summary (February 7 - February 11, 1994)

AMMAN — The dollar depreciated sharply against the yen at the end of last week, while appreciating against sterling and the mark. It depreciated 2.01 against the yen, while appreciating 1.0 per cent against sterling and 0.39 per cent against the mark.

The U.S. unit declined slightly against other major currencies Monday on profittaking, after the sharp rise it has experienced last Friday following the Fed's move of increasing the federal funds rate from three per cent to 3.25 per cent. This action by the Fed through its open market operations was perceived as a planned move towards a tighter monetary policy in the U.S. Some analysts, on the other hand, speculated that the Fed would not tighten its monetary policy in the short term, basing their speculation on expectations of low inflation levels in the U.S. The dollar was also affected negatively against the mark by rumours that the Bundesbank intends to intervene in the market by selling dollars, despite an announcement by the bank's chairman indicating no concern over the last rise of the dollar against the mark.

On the other hand, the dollar retreated against the yen in view of continued speculation that the Clinton administration might push for a stronger yen, if the U.S.-Japan trade talks did not show substantial progress. The speculation increased, especially after the U.S. treasury secretary expressed the importance of substantial progress in these talks during the summit at the end of the week between the U.S. president and the Japanese prime minister.

The U.S. unit rose sharply against sterling Tuesday, while preciating modestly against the mark and stabilising against the yen. The dollar's rally against sterling came after a surprise move by the Bank of England to lower its minimum lending rate from 5.50 per cent to 5.25 per cent. However, rumours that the Bundesbank might intervene by selling dollars, if the dollar continued its rise against the mark, discouraged some market participants from taking long positions on the dollar,

The dollar depreciated modestly against the mark and yen Wednesday, while appreciating against sterling. The dollar was reported to have appreciated almost half a yen during trading hours, in view of reports that the U.S. administration has no intentions to push for a stronger yen if the U.S.-Japan trade talks failed. The U.S. unit, however, retreated against the yen later in the day following comments coming from the Clinton administration, indicating dissatisfaction over the progress in these talks.

These new comments renewed speculation of Washington pushing for a stronger yen against the dollar, and thus, affected the dollar negatively.

The dollar continued its depreciation against the mark in view of expectations of a slight rise in the U.S. January producer price index, which suggests no Fed tightening in the short term. On the other hand, the dollar retreated against the yen on negative speculation concerning the summit the next day, between the U.S. president and the Japanese prime minister, as it renewed fears of the U.S. administration pushing for a stronger yen against the dollar, in order to reduce its trade deficit with Japan.

The U.S. unit depreciated substantially against the ven Friday, while stabilising against the mark and sterling. The U.S. currency fell to reach 106.80 yen during trading hours, its lowest level against the Japanese currency since the past three months, after the summit between the U.S. president and the Japanese prime minister ended without a trade deal. The failure of the summit renewed speculation of the Clinton administration pushing for a stronger yen against the dollar,

and thus, affected the dollar negatively.

Furthermore, comments by President Clinton after the summit added fuel to these speculations. President Clinton was reported as saying added fuel to these speculations. President Clinton was reported as saying that trade problems between the two countries were serious, and that the U.S. would consider its options. However, the dollar rose later in

the day in response to long position taking. On the other hand, the dollar retreated against the mark during trading hours, after the U.S. January producer price index showed a slight rise of 0.2 per cent suggesting no Fed tightening in the short term. Meanwhile, U.S. retail sales for the same month showed a 0.5 per cent decline, compared to a 0.8 per cent rise in the previous month. The U.S. unit, thus ended the week at 1.7542 marks and 107.10 yen, while sterling

ended it at \$1.4627.

entral Bank of Jordan Exchange Rate Bulletin Date: 13/2/1994		
Currency	Bid	Offer
U.S. Dollar	0.7030	0.7050
Sterling Pound	1.0267	1.0318
Deutsche Mark	0.4006	0.4026
Swiss Franc	0_4745	0.4769
French Franc	0.1179	0.1185
Japanese Yen ^o	0.6560	0.6593
Duich Guilder	0.3571	0.3589
Swedish Krona	+444	****
Italian Lira*	0.0415	0.0417
Belgian Franc	*****	*****

U.S. grant helps set up innovative loan-guarantee firm in Jordan

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN --- A first-of-its kind venture to guarantee bank loans for entrepreneurs based on cash-flow assessment rather than the traditional collateral is expected to be operational in Jordan in mid-March, a senior in Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) official said Sunday.

The main beneficiaries of the proposed company will be small and medium-sized entrepreneurs who have innovarive, technically and financially feasible projects but lack the necessary capital or the material collateral to obtain commercial bank loans.

Jamal Salah, executive director of the CBJ, said fmal touches were being put to the JD 7 million capital entity, which will bave a majority private sector holding of JD 4 million. The rest of the capital will be

put by the CBJ, drawing from a \$5.5 million (JD 4.2 million) assistance granted in 1989 by the United States Agency for International Development (USAID). The remainder of the grant amount would be held by the CBJ tu make good possible bad debts.

"Most Jordanian commercial banks and insurance companies will be directly participating in the project, to be known as the Jordan Loan Guarantee Company," Dr. Salah said. By involving the banks and insurance companies, the CBJ was encouraging their direct interest in the venture, he noted.

He said the CBJ had already collected a down payment of 50 per cent of the capital participation from all parties involved and was planning to file

the necessary documentation to the comptroller of companies later this week.

As he was speaking with the Jordan Times in his office, Dr. Salah received several calls from banks and insurance companies confirming their panicipation and the transfer of their capital contribution.

The legal formalities and related procedures, including a general assembly meeting and election of the office-bearers of the company, will take a few more weeks. The project should be in

business by mid-march." said Dr. Salah. "It will be a regular commercial entity in all its aspects except that it will not be dealing with the beneficiaries directly."

According to Dr. Satah, the actual operations of the company would be invisible in that entrepreneurs would only be

dealing with commercial banks and more often than not might not even know that their loans are guaranteed.

Depending on an assessment of the feasibility and expected eash flow of the projects proposed by entrepreneurs, the company could guarantee up to 75 per cent of the loan. The risk for the rest of the financing will be borne by the concerned bank itself, Dr. Salah said.

"Needless to say the entrepreneurships have to produce some capital as a sign of their seriousness," he added. Under the present arrange-

ment, administered by the Industrial Development Bank (IDB) and taken over by the CB3 in September. the ceiling for such loans was JD 20,000, but the new entity will reconsider raising the limit by up to 40 per cent. Dr. Salah said.

The CBJ took the initiarive

to sel up the company after the Council of Ministers decided in August last year to move the USAID grant from IDB to the Central Bank. The Cabinet has also approved the idea, Dr. Salah said.

The proposed arrangement will "encourage investments. crete employment opportunities and expand the scope of operations of the commercial banks," Dr. Salah said, noting that many proposed ventures with high potential do not see daylight if only because of lack of capital in the absence of

loan guarantees. Present plans call for allocations of specific ceilings of guarantees for the participating banks, "which will pay the loan-guarantee company half of one per cent as commission on the used amount and one per cent on the unused part," Dr. Salah said.

The higher commission on the unused part is clearly aimed at encouraging The T banks to utilise the full ceilings available to them, he pointed

Prevailing commercial bank interest rates will apply to the loans themselves. The central bank, however, feels that the rate should be lower since the guarantee will reduce the risk? that the banks will carry

"The difference between the interest paid on deposits and levied on loans by the commercial banks included an invisible provision for the risk that the lender carried." Dr. Salah, noted. 'In the case of loans that will be guaranteed by the (proposed) company, the risk factor is reduced, and, as such, we believe that the banks should charge a lower rate of interest on them."

Al Khaleej said about 35 per

cent of the Sajaa project had"

been completed. "Amoco will"

soon be able to put the two-

fields on stream and this will-

boost the total UAE gas pro-

duction by around 15 per

Sharjah emirate presses on with major gas project

ABU DHABI (AFP) - The Gulf emirate of Sharjah is pressing ahead with a major gas project that will push up production by nearly 40 per cent and sharply boost its earnings, industry sources said Sunday.

The sources confirmed a report by the Sharjah-based daily Al Khaleej that the project to expand the output capacity of the Sajaa plant would be completed in June, nearly one year after it was launched.

The project was prompted by new gas discoveries that yielded 210 million cubic feet (6.57 million cubic metres) per day and around 4,845 barrels per day (b/d) of condensates.

The discoveries at the Kahif-3 and Kahif-4 fields brought the total gas output in Sharjah to around 800 million cubic feet (23.9 million cubic metres) per day and more than 42,000 b/d of condensates, according to Amoco Sharjah, a subsidiary of the Houston-based Amoco Corporation.

Most of the gas is produced from the offshore Sajaa field, which was discovered in 1980

and is one of the biggest gas fields in the region, with an output of nearly 550 million cubic feet (16.5 million cubic metres) per day.

Sharjah, part of the United Arab Emirates (UAE), also produces around 8,000 b/d of crude oil from the offshore Mubarak field, which is located off the disputed island of Abu Musa and is shared with

"The gas discoveries will boost Sharjah's income considerably, and this will prompt it to increase spending on de-

velopment, which in turn will have a positive impact on the domestic economy," said Mohammad Al Asoumi, chief economist at the state-run Emirates Industrial Bank,

quoted by Al Khaleei. The expansion in Sharjah comes as the UAE's seven emirates are beginning to switch to gas as a cheaper and cleaner source of energy to run industries and operate power turbines. Around 300 million cubic feet (nine million cubic metres) per day of Sharjah's gas is supplied to nearby Dubai

Swelflyeh.

816690

and other UAE emirates, while liquefied production is exported to Japan.

Economists said higher gas output would help Sharjah to settle its debts to local banks, estimated at around two billion dirhams (\$544 million).

The debts were a key factor in a failed coup attempt in the emirate in 1987.

Production from Kahif-3 and Kahif-4, both operated by Amoco Sharjah, has been shelved until the expansion of

the Sajaa plant has been com-

cent. The UAE has the third largest natural gas reserves in the world after Russia and Iran, estimated at 186 trillion cubic feet (5.6 trillion cubic

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metres). The other major UAE gas producer is Abu Dhabi.

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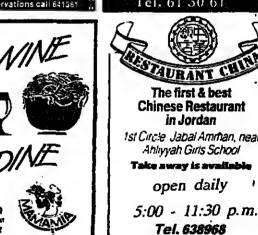






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Buthelezi warns of poll bloodshed

19 parties register for S. African elections

EMPANGENI, South Africa (R) - Mangosuthu Buthelezi warned his followers in a fighting speech Sunday that his Inkatha Freedom Party's (IFP) opposition to-South Africa's first all-race elections would bring death and bloodshed.

"It is impossible for me to lie to you and reassure you that the IFP opposition to fighting the elections under the present constitution will not bring casualties, and even death." the Zulu leader told about 10,000 supporters. Speaking at Ngwenyezani

township outside the northern Natal town of Empangeni, Mr. Buthelezi added: "It would be equally impossible for me to tell you that the new South Africa was going to bring peace, prosperity and free-

Inkatha and its white rightwing allies within the conservative Freedom Alliance have refused to participate in the April 26-28 elections.

Nineteen parties registered with the independent electoral commission by the Saturday midnight deadline, but the government and the African National Congress (ANC) have said the deadline could be extended to accommodate rejectionists before the polls.

Mr. Buthelezi called on his supporters to set up selfdefence units.

"If we do not defend our people, no one else will. We must defend our communities with all our might. We must

of the National Institute of

Immunology at the University of Bogota in Colombia, who

passed on the rights to the

It has already been tried on

more than 41,000 volunteers in

Latin America, proving effec-

tive against the most lethal

form of malaria, protecting up to 66 per cent of adults and 77

But the WHO said the Tan-

zania tests, on 45 people, were

'much more serious," having

been carried out in "very in-

tense transmission condi-

where they were carried out

suffered about 100 times more

mosquito bites than in Col-

ombia, with up to 25 bites per

night by infected mosquitos

reported during the ramy sea-

The success of the Tanzania

tests has paved the way for the

final phase of testing, with

initial results expected in Octo-

Still more tests over the next

two years could mean an effec-

tive vaccine in widespread use

by 1998, the Geneva-based

is not expected to be a prob-

lem. Dr. Patarroyo was cited

by the WHO as saying that

when fully developed the vac-

cine could cost less than \$5 per

Malaria affects two billion

people around the world but 90

per cent of cases arise in Afri-

ca, where it results in up to

three million deaths every

year, a third of them among

Malaria larva enter the body

through mosquito hites, travel

to the liver and incubate. The

mature parasite re-enters the

bloodstream and multiplies,

robbing the body of haemoglo-

The disease is currently bat-

fled with insecticides and tre-

ated with certain drugs. but

people who live in malaria-

plagued regions cannot take

the drugs constantly because

the parasites become resistant

children under five.

bin and iron.

to medication.

The cost of the new vaccine

ber this year.

organisation said.

Inbabitants in the region

prototype last May.

per cent of children.

tions.

defend and fight back. We must resist the African National Congress and their Com-

munist surrogates," he said. More than 14,000 people have been killed in political violence during the past four years of apartheid reform. many of them in feuding between supporters of Inkatha and the ANC, its arch rival for black power.

Mr. Buthelezi said that in future days the whole of South Africa would realise they had been duped by the ANC.

"They will realise that the ANC are in fact merely the puppets of the Communist Party which wants to impose the evil Marxist philosophies on us," he said.

Mr. Buthelezi said the only way Inkatha would contest the elections was if the government and ANC gave in to five demands. "One of our de-mands is that His Majesty our king (Goodwill Zwelithini) be recognised as the constitution-al monarch of Kwazulu-

He said the ANC did not want federalism which would allow the people of Kwazulu and Natal to rule over them-

He said Inkatha was not prepared to let the ANC kill e Zulus, "but if you look at the ethnic cleansing that is taking place in the East Rand, they seem to have started on tbis kind of genocide."

Zulu King Zwelithini meets

President De Klerk for crisis

NEW YORK (R) - North-eastern transportation hubs re-

turned to near normal early

Sunday and winter-weary

travellers began reaching their destinations after days of strug-gle caused by the worst snow-

storm in more than a decade.

snow were reported in a wide

area from Baltimore to Boston

in the hours shortly after mid-

night but there no hint of any

repeat of Friday's knockout punch that paralysed the region with a foot (30 cm) to 18 inches (45 cm) of snow.

Two lines in New York City's suhway system were still unable to operate but police.

unable to operate hut police

reported an unusually quiet

Saturday night as piles of snow

All major airports were

New Yorkers Saturday ven-

tured out and filled supermar-

ket aisles, stocking up on sup-

plies. Video stores reported

unprecedented rental business.

rying parents thronged the ci-

ty's Central Park, and cross-

country skiers took advantage

of the snow-clogged sidestreets

Children and their sled-car-

open and trains and buses were

running on time.

slush.

Freezing drizzle and light

U.S. east coast digs out

after major snowstorm

talks Monday amid fears of violence as his loyal subjects plan to stage a mass show of strength in the streets.

Zulu leaders have called for a stay-away from work and announced plans to send thousands of Zulu reinforcements by bus and train from the Transvaal to their power-base province of Natal for the meeting in Durban on Monday afternoon.

The ruling National Party of President F.W. De Klerk, Nelson Mandela's ANC and the radical black Pan Africanist Congress (PAC) were among the parties that reigstered for the elections for a national Constituent Assembly and all nine regional legislatures.

Other parties running in all elections are the mainly-white Liberal Democratic Party, the African Christian Democratic Party and the African Democratic Movement of Ciskei homeland military ruler Brigadier Oupa Goozo. Other are running on a li-

mited or regional basis. Under the system of singleballot proportional representation, a party must win 0.25 per

cent of the national vote for each seat in the National Assembly. There are an estimated 22.3 million eligible voters in South Africa and 3.1 million in four nominally-independent black homelands to be reincorpo-

rated into South Africa after Parties running on a limited

parked cars remained buried

under mountains of snow.

Accumulations were the highest since a 1983 blizzard.

socked the city with 18 inches (45 cm). The latest storm left a foot (30 cm) of snow in New

Both Kennedy and Newark

airports reopened after being

closed most of Friday, and by

midnight the terminals were

cleared of passengers, some

who waited days to leave. Spokesmen for major U.S.

airlines said that weather per-

mitting, they hoped those air-

ports and Laguardia would be

Forecasters said that except

for northern New England,

there was little threat of any

new weekend accumulation

with drier air to follow for the

morning commute Monday.

The Long Island Rail Road, devastated by the Friday

storm, said it was spending the

weekend trying to get ready for

operating normally.

York City.

or regional hasis include: The Merit Party (Western Cape). the Dikwankwetia Party of South Africa (national. Orange Free State and PWV region around Pretoria-Johanneshurg), the Minority Front (national and Natal), the Islamic Party (Western Cape), the Ximoko Progressive Party (national, Northern Transvaal and PWV). Workers International to

Rebuild the Fourth International (Western Cape), the Women's Rights Peace Party (national). Keep It Straight and Simple Party (KISS) (national), the North West Democrats (national), the Workers List Party (national). United People's Front (PWV and Northern Transvaal). South African Women's Party (Western Cape), and the Realiste/Realists Party (PWV).

In a separate development, two people were killed and nine wounded when attackers armed with assault rifles and pistols stormed the Zevenfontein hlack squatter camp north of. Johannesburg Saturday night, police said.

Police spokesman Colonel David Bruce quoted witnesses as saving the attackers were supporters of the Zulu-based Inkatha Freedom Party, while the victims were apparently members of Nelson Mandela's African National Congress.

Police arrested 21 people and were trying to determine, the motive for the attack.

Woman hurt in N. Ireland bomb blast

BELFAST (R) — A woman was injured in a bomb explosion at Craigavon in the southern Northern Ireland county of Armagh, police said.

They said first reports indicated she was hurt hy a booby trap device that exploded in or near a car in a mainly Catholic area of the town.

The woman suffered injuries to her hands, face and body. No one claimed responsibility for the attack. Earlier Saturday Prote

extremists fired a rocket through a window of the Belfast headquarters of Sinn Fein. the political wing of the IRA. causing damage but no in-Sinn Fein officials said the

fortified building was empty at the time of the attack but a meeting of party members had been scheduled to take place there shortly afterwards.

An outlawed Protestant ex-

dom Fighters (UFF), claimed responsibility for the attack, its second on Sinn Fein's West Belfast Headquarters in less than a week. Sinn Fein President Gerry

Adams, whose recent controversial trip to the United States has incensed opponents of the Irish Republican Army, said his party would not be intimidated by such attacks.

He also accused security

ism in the former Soviet Union and Eastern Europe. "Since 1945 we bave been

N.Korea not afraid of sanctions - envoy

South African President F.W. De Klerk tastes

some of the local food after being made an honorary member of the Makgolokwe tribe in

BANGKOK (R) — North Korea is unafraid of United

Nation's economie sanctions

because its people have long

been accustomed to living suc-

cessfully in isolation, the North

Korean ambassador to Thai-

"We are not 'prepared'. We are accustomed. Preparation

means starting (to get ready)," one of North Korea's most

vocal diplomats, Ambassador Li Do Sop told Reuters at the

The International Atomic

Energy Agency (IAEA) is due

to report next week on its

negotiations to get North

Korea to allow inspections of

The United States and its

allies believe Pyongyang is

building a nuclear bomb, a charge North Korea flatly de-

But the reclusive North Ko-

rean government has refused to allow IAEA inspectors ac-

cess to suspect sites north of

the capital Pyongyang.
The IAEA may declare

Pyongyang in breach of the

nuclear non-proliferation trea-

ty (NPT) and refer the matter to the U.N. Security Council

which could impose economic

Mr. Li said such sanctions

The world's last Stalinist

would be the worst thing the-

United Nations could do but would still be ineffective.

style state, North Korea has

its suspected nuclear sites.

land said.

weekend.

under the sanctions of the United States. Since liberation our president has taught us we should establish a selfsufficient economy, so now (that's what we have)," Mr. Li

For example, he said, "from the beginning the supply of food has been rationed. We keep several years ahead for unexpected things."
As to what North Korea

would do for basic necessities like fuel oils and other key commodities, Mr. Li said without elaborating: "We bave our sources.

One of Pyongyang's staunchest supporters is its geographical and ideological neighbour China which sent troops to support the north during the 1950-53 Korean

oppose sanctions if the issue is brought to the Security Coun-South Korea is urging a sof-ter diplomatic approach to the

China has said it would

North Korea has no inten-

tion of shifting its position ahead of the IAEA's Feb. 21 deadline for agreeing to in-spections, Mr. Li said. "The LAEA injustice and

impartiality against us re-

North Korea went back to the table with the IAEA after

A discussion of full-scale in spections should be left to a third round of bilateral talks with the United States because

December, Mr. Li said. The

IAEA is now going beyond what was agreed in those talks

by asking for full-scale inspec-

Korfshoek in the homeland of Qwaqwa. Mr. De

Klerk was on a campaign tour to win black votes

tions, he said.

it is a political, not a scientifie, issue, Mr. Li said. North Korea also believes the United States reneged on its promise in December to stop the annual joint military exercise in South Korea called

Team Spirit, which Pyongyang has long called a rehearsal for an invasion of the North. A Japanese newspaper earber this month reported the United States and South Korea had agreed to hold a scaleddown version of the wargames in late March if the IAEA

deadline is ignored.

Sonth Korea's Defence Ministry said a decision would be announced around March

The United States and South

Korea will postpone a final decision on the deployment of Patriot anti-missile batteries in South Korea until after the said Sunday.

The reports quoted South Korean Foreign Minister Han Sung-Joo as saying in Washington that he and U.S. Defence Secretary William Perry agreed to take "a final decision" on the deployment after the IAEA's planned report on North Korean nuclear sites.

report next week on North Korea's nuclear programme, South Korean news reports

Savimbi: No side can win Angolan war

few trade links with other nations and bas lost much of its agreeing to limited inspections economic and political backing in high-level contacts between since the collapse of commun-Pyongyang and Washington in

LONDON (R) - UNITA leader Jonas Savimhi said Saturday no side could win the Angolan civil war and be favoured a continuation of the Lusaka peace talks with the government, Portugal's RDP

Radio reported. "For Angola a military solution is a totally futile exercise because no one will win the

war," Mr. Savimhi said in remarks broadcast by the radio. RDP, monitored by the Britisb Broadcasting Corporation, carried parts of an interview Mr. Savimbi gave in the UN-ITA stronghold of Huamho

to a television station. "Once again the MPLA (government) is demonstrating that, although material is important, it does not have the

men to fight. This could go on for years, 'said Mr. Savimbi. "Therefore we intend to continue negotiating in Lusaka. If it was possible to obtain an overall ceasefire, then this

would be ideal.

RDP said Savimhi gave assurances that UNITA would continue to negotiate with good will and determination, but that it has enough weapons to carry on fighting for many vears. Angolan Social Affairs

Minister Norberto Dos Santos said Saturday that United Nations aid flights to the central city of Cuito, suspended a week ago because of shelling by UNITA rebeis, would resume Monday. Mr. Dos Santos told the Por-

tuguese News Agency (LUSA) that the U.N. World Food Programme (WFP) had received guarantees from UN-ITA (National Union for the Total Independence of Augola) that fighting in Cuito would

stop in one or two days.
"We are still waiting to see. but if the WFP does start to fly to Cuito again, we will lift the prohibition on them also flying to UNITA-controlled areas, Mr. Dos Santos said.

The MPLA (Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola) government said Thursday it was suspending permission for aid flights to Huambo until the rebels allowed aid to be flown into

LUSA, reporting from Luanda, quoted military sources as saying fighting con-tinued in Cuito Saturday with UNITA using long-range artil-Local reports say 300 people have been killed in Cuito since

the latest violence erupted Saturday with only a brief period of calm from Tuesday to Thursday.

UNITA and the MPLA, locked in battle since Angola's independence from Portugal in 1975, signed a peace deal in 1991 which broke down after UNITA rejected its defeat in elections in 1992. Cuito bas been under rebel siege since early last year.

mas are complicated by the

fact that it is surrounded by

nuclear powers such as Russia,

China and Pakistan. Some di-

plomats question whether Mr. Nazarbayev will consider it

prudent to surrender Kazakh-

security guarantees from the United States... If there is a

threat to Kazakhstan, the Un-

ited States must do everything

to protect it. But it is too early

to talk about such commit-

Nazarbayev's visit to Washing-

ton will be a big photo oppor-

tunity," he added. "At the

moment, few people in the

United States know where

Kazakhstan is. Nazarbayev's

visit will put the country on the

On the economic front, U.S.

oilmen hope the visit will

smooth Chevron's multi-bil-

lion-dollar Kazakh oil con-

Chevron, the fourth biggest

U.S. oil company, signed the

deal last year to develop the Tengiz Oilfield which Kazakh

officials say has the potential to

produce 1.6 million barrels of

oil a day by 2010, ranking it

alongside some of the biggest

fields in Saudi Arabia.

world map."

"More than anything, Mr.

ments," said one diplomat.

"Nazarbayev wants serious

stan's nuclear arsenal.

Thirty-eight teams ran out of the starting chute of the 1,000-mile (1,600 km) Yukon Quest Saturday as spectators in downtown Fairbanks Streets cheered them on. The race started on a cold, sunny day, with temperatures reported at about minus 20 degrees Fahrenheit (-29 C). The mushers will travel to Whitehorse, Yukon Territory, where the winner is expected to reach the finish line in about 11 days. Sometimes referred to as the "poor man's long-distance race," the quest this year has drawn competitors who. usually run the more famous Iditarod Trail Sled Dog Race held in March. One Iditarod veteran who switched to the Joe Garnie of Willow, Alaska, has said being competitive in tbe 1,100-mile (1,760 km) Iditarod has become too costly for him. The Inupiat Eskimo musher has complained about what he says is corporate sponsors' unwillingness to back native racers from rural villages. Some mushers claim the question is the world's toughest sled-dog race, more de-manding than the Iditarod Quest rules limit competitors to 14 dogs in a team, while Iditarod racers may start with

and parks to get in some exer-The Hudson River resemweek" to belp give florists the bled an Arctic ice floe, and chance to recoup. Major suffers another blow as politician quits

LONDON (R) — Britisb Prime Minister John Major's troubled government suffered fresh embarrassment Sunday after a Conservative politician resigned his junior post over an alleged friendship with a young female researcher.

Hartley Bootb, 47, announced his resignation as a ministerial aide in a call to Britain'a Press Association news agency only hours after two Sunday newspapers published reports alleging be had a friendship with the woman.

Mr. Booth denied allegations of a sexual relation with the woman, identified in the reports as a 22-year-old former artists' model. But he said he had decided under the circumstances to resign anyway. "(Sbe) was my researcher.

There was no sexual impropriety. But in all the circumstances I am resigning as parliamentary private secretary in the Foreign Office." Mr. Booth said.

His swift exit is apparently designed to spare the government any further blushes after a series of financial and sexual scandals over recent months which have already provoked two ministrial resignations.

The upset over Mr. Booth, a Methodist lay preacher who is married with three children, also comes less than a week after the government was rocked by the bizarre sex-death of one of its rising stars, politician

Stephen Milligan. Mr. Booth, who entered parliament two years ago in the constituency vacated by former Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, said he was taking

legal advice about certain aspects of the stories in the Mail On Sunday and the Sunday Mirror but he did not say

which parts be disputed.

The Sunday Mirror devoted six pages to what it called a "new sex sensation" that would "shatter" John Major and his ill-fated "back to basics" campaign for wholesome family values. "Another back to basics

bombshell" the newspaper said m its masthead.

Other recent upsets include the reluctant resignation of a junior environment minister who fathered an illegitimate child and the suicide of the wife of another minister who then quit his post amid claims be had been seeing another

But the discovery of Mr. Milligan's body last week elad only in stockings caused even greater embarrassment and anguish to the government. Police are still investigating the death but the bachelor MP is thought to bave accidentally strangled himself with a flex during a sexual experiment.

Foreign Office Minister Douglas Hogg, for whom Mr. Booth worked as an assistant - a post at the bottom rung of government — said he was extremely saddened by news of the resignation.

"Hartley is a good friend and colleague of mine. I am extremely sad he felt he had to resign," Mr. Hogg said. "I shall greatly miss his

serious attention and money advice. He has considerable from the West.
"We want at least \$1 billion political skills and I hope this is in U.S. compensation in return only a temporary sethack."

state.

for giving up nuclear weapons on our territory," Kazakh First Deputy Foreign Minister Kasimdzhuma Tokayev told Reuters. "The figure will be men-

tiooed during the talks in Washington between Mr. Clinton and President Nazarhayev," Mr. Tokayev said. Kazakbstan has bent over hackwards to meet U.S. demands on nuclear disarma-

ment ratifying the START-I treaty last year and signing the Nuclear non-Proliferation Treaty.
Its 108 SS-18 Inter-continental

Ballistic Missiles are based in silos and carry more than 1,400 warheads. Vast sums of money are needed to make the sites safe. Kazakh officials say \$85 million pledged by the U.S. is not enough. A leading Moscow newspap-

er Saturday quoted Russian defence sources as saying nuclear missiles in Kazakhstan were dangerously under-maintained and under-protected. Izvestia said missiles were packed together in storage

was lax and guard units were undermanocd. "Their professionalism is at such a low level that the only

facilities, fire alarm systems

did not work properly, security

surprising thing is that up to now no one has stolen a single atomic bomb." Izvestia said. A Kazakh spokesman angri-ly rejected the report as an attempt on the eve of Mr. Nazarbayev's trip to stir up the international community

against Kazakhstan on the nucear issue. Many Kazakh officials believe their country deserves a more generous reward from Washington for giving up its

.They note that Ukraine. which took a much tougher line, has been promised \$1 billion in compensation in the form of uranium from warheads which it can use in nuclear power stations.

Mr. Nazarbayev, who rules the second higgest ex-Soviet republic stretching over 2.6 million square kilometres from China's border to the Caspian Sea, also wants U.S. security guarantees in return for disarmament, U.S. diplomats

They said the two presidents will sign the U.S. charter on democratic progress which foresees the creation of a strategic alliance between Kazakhstan and the United

Kazakhstan's security dilem-

Brazil explodes in carnival

celebration RIO DE JANEIRO (AFP) Carnival fever exploded in Rich De Janerio as thousands of people crowded the streets in the pre-lent festival of dance, music and song. The crowds began to come out in the midday heat, many in skimpy costumes, for the many street balls and fairs. Rio was expected to remain at a standshill until midnight Tuesday, when the festivities end for Ask Wednesday and the beginning of lent. Celebrating was also rampant in other Brazilian cities, including Sao Paulo, Salvador De Bahia and Recife. The beaches of Rio were filled with merrymakers and small groups of musicians and dancers. Other cities have recently taken away some of Rio's thunder, and a total of 2.5 million tourists were expected in Recife and Salvador, despite the lack of Rio's famous "samba schools." A similar number of tourists were expected in Rio for the Mardi Gras Festival. The festival atmosphere in Rio was unperturbed by Brazil's economic crisis, the city's rising crime rate and the country's political scandals, but officials used the occasion again to launch an AIDS prevention. tribution of free condoms. In the Afro-Brazilian tradition, the carnival king Momo received the key to the city Thursday from Mayor Cesar Maia to officially open the festivities.

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Eurotunnel trekkers walk into history books

FOLKESTONE, England (R) - With sore feet and complaints about the boring backdrop, more than 100 channel tunnel trekkers walked into the history books Saturday as the first people to stroll from France to Britain since the ice age. The group emerged wearily from the Britain mouth of the tunnel at Folkestone after a sponsored walk through the 31-mile (50 km) subterranean passage that is expected to raise more than £2 million (\$2.9 million) for charity. Showbusiness and sports stars. were among the group of mostthey sang songs and danced along to take their minds off hlisters and the monotonous tunnel scenery. British actress Jenny Seagrove said she had gone through her lines in a new play to forget her painful feet. There has been a fantastic party atmosphere throughout the walk and everyone is feeling buoyant tonight," said a spokeswoman for the Children's Society, which helped organise "le walk." The 11g tunnel trekkers were greeted with fireworks at Folkestone and were presented with medals by Sir Alastair Morton, chief executive of the operators Eurotunnel. They set off from Calais in freezing early morning mist and took a doctor and a physiotherapist on their 12-hour walk. The opening of the tunnel to freight traffic has been delayed until later next month and there were problems when a rocket which was meant to signal the start of the sponsored walk failed to fire.

38 teams start Yukon quest sled dog race

FAIRBANKS, Alaska (R) — International Sled Dog Race quest cited a financial motive. as many as 20 dogs in harness.

announces broakthrough on malaria vaccine GENEVA (AFP) - Researchers have made a major breakthrough in the search for an effective vaccine against malaria, the World Health Organisation (WHO) announced Sunday. Early results from a clinical trial in Tanzania show a new

WHO

prototype vaccine, SPF66, releases "a strong imittune response" in the body against . malaria "without undesirable side-effects," the WHO said. The Tanzanian test shows we have come more than halfway," said Doctor Tore Godal. who head of tropical disease research. Malaria, which kills nearly a million children every year in Africa, is particularly virulent in Tanzania. The new drug was developed by Manuel Patarroyo, director

the daily onslaught of 250,000 passengers Monday morning. The floral industry was one of those hard hit by the snow, which disrupted deliveries for Monday's Valentine's Day. An industry trade group tremist group, the Ulster Free-

asked mayors in snow-hit cities to declare it "Valentine's

forces of colluding in attacks on Irish Republicans, who seek to overturn British rule in Northern Ireland and unite the province with Ireland to the Kazakh leader wants nuclear deal from Clinton

ALMA-ATA (R) - Kazakh-

stan's President Nursultan

Nazarbayev will seek at least

\$1 billion in compensation for

nuclear disarmament when be

meets U.S. President Bill Clin-

ton in Washington this week.

on a visit aimed at developing

trade and diplomatic links with

Washington, which sees his

country as a cornerstone of a

new security system in former

In an interview last week.

Mr. Nazarbayev said Kazakh-

stan supported the destruction

of nuclear weapons on its soil but said it wanted a fair share

tion, justice must be for all of

us," he said. "When we talk

about Kazakhstan, any com-

pensation we receive will be

miserabe compared to what we

have suffered as a nuclear

whose country became a nuc-

lear power along with Russia,

Ukraine and Belarus when the

Soviet Union collapsed in

1991, hopes to play the nuclear

option as a way of attracting

The shrewd ex-Communist.

"On the issue of compensa-

Soviet Central Asia.

of U.S. compensation.

Mr. Nazarbayev left Sunday



explode8 nival

BRITISH SOCCER ration Asion VIIIa 5 Swindon 6 WELSH Striker Dean Saun-

WELSH Striker Dean Saunders put Villa ahead in the 31st fever exploded all Andy Townsend. Steve Frogrowded the stream gut's diving header made it 2-0 ien1 festival of destruck again with a penalty 11 come out in the same 155 minutes, and Saunders and song. The chambers later. Kevin Richardmany in skimplethe 73rd was goal no. 4, and of fairs. Rio was goal no. 4, and of fairs. Rio was goalty six minutes from time. Inight Tuesday was goalty six minutes from time. Inight Tuesday was goal to seven in seven in the began were a speaker of seven in the began were of speaker.

day and the beganism 9 Ipswich 0

Celebrating wat in other Bran Ipswich striker Chris neluding San harmya's shot rebounded off ncluding Sao lagromya's shot rebounded off De Bahia and Redie crossbar in the 27th mithes of Rio was best thes of Rio were hante; and Everton's best rrymakers and whence came when Preki's leftmusicians and shored drive forced goalkeeper way some of Rength to make the stop with and a form and a total of is outstretched left hand.

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of Rio's famous is." A similar hus. West Ham's goalkeeper sts were expected and Miklosko was the game's he Mardi Gras Frair, with five superb saves. festival atmost for the control of festival atmospheribe Czech international de-unperturbed by haed Carl Shutt three times, somic crisis and should be stopped quality nomic crisis, the and then stopped quality me rate and the officers from Mike Sheron and tical scandals, but avid Rocastle. West Ham's the occasion age ee Chapman and Clive Allen in AIDS prevent ach had a goal negatted for that included the fiside. 29,118.

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Trail Sled Dog Re-March Ope Idia who switched w d a financial momi ie of Willow. Abat

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ekkers were greet works at Folkeste

unnel

ival king Momo he key to the Defender Richard Jobson from Mayor (exaded home bis third goal of officially open he season to give Oldham the ead in the 17th minute. Thelsea equalised in the 52nd after a poor clearance from Prs walk into Didham defender Craig Flem-by allowed Eddie Newton to free John Spencer. The striker need 20 yards (metres) to put STONE. England,

a low shot under goalkeeper Jon Hallworth. Former Scottish international striker Graeme Sharp then won the game in the Blst when he found space behind Chelsea's defence to head in a cross from Rick Holden.

Sheffield United 0 Coventry 0

United's Alan Kelly produced the save of the match 10 minutes from time, finger-tip-ping John Williams' shot around the post. It was United's seventh scoreless draw of the season.

Tottenham 0 Biackburn 2

Alan Shearer's header put Blackburn in front after 61 minutes. Kevin Gallacher, meeting Mark Atkins' lead pass with a run across the penalty area, made it 2-0 in the

Wimbledon 4 Newcastle 2

Wimbledon took the lead in the ninth minute when, after a corner kick, Newcastle goalkeeper Mike Hooper knocked the ball out to Robbie Earle. The striker was left with a simple header from six yards (metres) for the score. Gary Blissett, left unmarked in the box, made it 2-0 in the 26th when headed home Warren Barton's cross. Peter Beardsley pulled a goal back for Newcastle with a penatly in the 50th minute, but Peter Fear set up John Fashanu with a cross five minutes later and Wimbledon went up 3-1. Wimbledon's Dean Holdsworth scored his 15th of the season in the 63rd, and Beardsley got another penalty in injury time.

NEWS IN BRIEF

ooks Saturday at Ukrainian hockey players stranded

britain since the product of the Britain mount of t that Folkestone the arrived a week ago on the promise of a paid tour of Canada. d walk through but their promoter hacked out, leaving them high and dry. 50 km) subterner. They spent Saturday holed up in a motel, struggling to get that is expected enough to cat and awaiting a flight home Monday, the ore than 🚨 🚾 Toronto promoter invited them to Canada and promised to set illion) for than up 20 games between Feh. 6 and early March, team members iness and sport to said in a Canadian press report. But none of the games ing the group of me materialised, players, said they have been virtually stranded walkers, who extend and have eaten only once a day. They were forced to sleep one g songs and dam night in bus terminal:

and the monotome 'Ma's army' to run in London

agrove said she's LONDON (AFP) — China's world-beating women athletes have agreed to run in the London Marathan April 17. Multi-world record-holder Wang Junxia will head the team and will be joined by Zhang Linit. Zhang Lirong and Ma Liyan, all of whom are coached by Ma Junren. Wang. 21. shanered world records at 3.000m and 10.000m on the track last summer and has clocked the fastest-ever marathon debut of two hours 24 minutes seven seconds.

Lasovskaya breaks world record

LIEVIN, France (R) - INNA Lasovskaya of Russia broke the world indoor triple jump record Sunday when she leaped 14.90 metres at an international athletics meeting. Ukrainian liessa Kravets set the previous mark of 14.47 March 14 last

GOREN BRIDGE

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All too often we have witnessed declarers indulgs in what can best be described as "trick reduction plays."
They start off with a given number of winners and manage to reduce the total by one or more through carelany play. Here is an example.

total by one or more through care-less play. Here is an example. By satisfacts South was a little light for the opening pre-empt, especially after East's pass. North had a clear raise to game. West led the queen of hearts, won in hand with the king. The queen of speaks lost to the ace and East had

no difficulty finding the club shift. Declarar's queen was topped by the ace and West reverted to bearts. leading the jack. Deciarer covered with the ace and East ruffed to complete the defensive book.

with the ace and East ruffed to complete the defensive book.

Declarer trumped the club return, crossed to the king of spades and ruffed a beart, re-entered dummy with the ace of diamonds and ruffed another beart. Two heart winners were now established on the table, but South had no way to reach them—the remaining spade in dummy was lower than the rest of declarer's trumps. Since a diamond had to be conceded, that meant down one.

Declarer engaged in trick reduction by supposing the ace of hearts to a ruff. Suppose, instead, South followed with a low heart from dummy on the second round of the suit, allowing West to win the trick. The best West can do is to attack dummy's side-suit entry by shifting to a diamond. The table's ace wins and declarer ruffs a heart high. Now declarer can get back to the board with the king of trumps while extracting the last of the defenders' fangs and claim the contract after discarding the losing diamonds on the high hearts.

Flawless Kerrigan stays tightlipped

LILLEHAMMER (AFP) -An ice-cool Nancy Kerrigan flawlessly went through her Olympic routine here Sunday but the American star remained tightlipped on the prospect of sharing a rink with arch-rival Tonya Harding.

Harding, implicated in the attack that forced Kerrigan out of the U.S. ehampionships last month, was cleared to skate in the games late Saturday night after withdrawing a \$25 million legal action designed to stop the U.S.-Clympic Committee (USOC) from dropping her.

With Harding expected to fly in Tuesday. American team officials were desperately trying to do a deal that would allow the two skaters to practise separately at the Hamar Amphitheatre.
"Ever since the day of the

attack, Gayle Tanger and I have been prepared for the eventuality that both Nancy and Tonya would be here. said U.S. figure Skating team

leader Mahlon Bradley. "They will be lodged on different floors in the village and we will try to get them different training times."

But International Skating Union (ISU) official Charles Demore reiterated Sunday that the training schedule was "irrevocable" and that teammates would be obliged to train together, no matter how frosty the atmosphere between them. Benjamin Wright, a former

ISU official who is close to Kerrigan, said she had the resilience to come through the "Strangely enough, that will strengthen her determination and I think she is more confident now. If I was her coach I would tell her before her first

training session with Tonya: Ignore that, do your job." Harding, who protests her innocence despite admitting she had not immediately come forward after learning of her associates' involvement, finally USOC Saturday when her attorneys dropped her action.

The USOC allowed her to join the team but reserved the right to strip her of any medal she might win if a disciplinary hearing at a later date decided she had breached their ethics code. A hearing had been scheduled for next week.

"We are appalled still by the attack on Nancy Kerrigan. which was not only an attack on the athlete but an assault on the basic ideals of the Olympic movement and sports-manship." the USOC said. "The attack was designed to cripple her, alter the competition, and could have ended her

Harding said she was pleased the fight to compete was over and apologised to the USOC for the problems the case had caused. "I finally get to prove to the world I can win a gold medal," she said.

er ended a year-long title brought of success by taking the \$800,000 ATP tournament

The three-times Wimbledon

champion defeated Grand

Slam Cup winner Petr Korda

6-2, 3-6, 6-3 in a match lasting

The result was a major boost

for the German, who returned

to tennis this month after seven

weeks following the birth of his

Becker, under new coach

Nick Bollettieri, beat Haitian

Ronald Agenor — the con-queror of Michael Stich — in

straight-sets to reach the final.

while Czech Korda beat

Becker had put his poor

form down to worries over the

Spain's Sergi Bruguera.

birth of his first child.

one hour and 50 minutes.

here Sunday.

Becker back Michael Jordan's new on track tune: Air on my Sox MILAN, Italy (AFP) — Defending champion Boris Beck-

CHICAGO, Illinois (AFP) — Michael Jordan's switch from basketball to baseball has merchandisers preparing to be-siege the market with his name

Jordan led the Chicago Bulls to three straight National Basketball Association (NBA) titles before retiring last October. He signed a minor-league baseball contract with the Chicago White Sox last week and will join the team's Florida training camp later this week. "People will love him just as

much and they admire him for trying," said David Burns, who runs a celebrity sports agency Past Jordan contracts have included an \$18 million deal for 10 years with Gatorade and

Nike that paid off with \$7 million for Jordan last year. "The only down side would be if he embarassed himself. That's the one danger in this."

a contract with shoemaker

said New York advertising agent Marty Blackman. "But if he makes it, the roof opens up again. If he is respectable... that situation is still a boom for all his advertisers. He will only lose if it is a disaster."

People here are already jumping on the bandwagon. A new song out is entitled "Air on my Sox," indicating the preference for Jordan's shoes and the area baseball team.

The White Sox are taking a cautious approach to the marketing of jerseys and souvenirs with Jordan's name and number. His basketball trademark jersey number 23 is already taken with the Sox, so Jordan will wear baseball jersey number 45.

"Everybody is in a big hurry to get licensing merchandise into the market by spring training," said Rob Gallas, vice president of marketing for the White Sox.



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America's Moe wins downhill, Italian Di Centa takes first gold

LILLEHAMMER (R) -American Tommy Moe chose the right day to run his first major race, edging out local hero Kjetil Andre Aamodt by just four hundredths of a second to take Olympic gold in the men's downhill Sunday.

Italy's diminutive Manuela Di Centa grabbed the first gold of the Lillchammer Olympics about an hour earlier by setting a fierce pace in glorious Nordic sunshine to win the women's 15 kilometre cross-country ski

Moe became only the second American to win Alpine skiing's "Formula one" event after Bill Johnson, who took gold 10 years ago in Sarajevo, a city now in ruins because of Bosnia's war

The 23-year-old Alaskan, who started skiing when he was four, cut short Norwegian celebrations when, skiing right after Aamodt, he thundered down the 3,035-metre course in one minute 45.75 seconds to squeeze ahead. Canada's Ed Podivinsky was third, accord-

OSAKA, Japan (AFP) —

Manuela Maleeva-Fragniere

bade farewell to tournament

tennis by beating Iva Majoli to

take the Asia Open women's

final tournament, the Swiss-

based Bulgarian controlled the

match from baseline to take

the first set in style against the

16-year-old rising Croatian

highest ranking was third in February 1985, succumbed to

an array of powerful strokes

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Maleeva-Fragniere, whose

Determined to shine in her

title in Osaka Sunday.

Maleeva-Fragniere bids

farewell with Asia title

ing to provisional results.

At the cross-country, thousands more Norwegians trekked through the forest and near-record snowfalls to see Di Centa blast her Russian rivals off the tracks. She beat 1992 Olympie champion Lyubov Yegorova into second place by nearly 20 seconds.

Another Russian, Nina Gavriluk, came third in the freestyle event at the Birkebeineren course near Lillehammer.

"It feels incredible to have won a gold medal," Di Centa said, after receiving the first of Lillehammer's 345 medals all made from grey stone and decorated with a smattering of gold silver or bronze. "I could not believe it was true until I was standing on the podium."

In Pale, Bosnia, the Bosnian Serbs, excluded from the Winter Olympics in Lillehammer, were staging their own parallel competition this week to mark the 10th anniversary of the games in Sarajevo, the city they are besieging.

off Majoli to lose the second,

but bounced back from a 2-4

deficit in the final set to win

With the win, Maleeva-Frag-

niere put an end to her career

of more than 13 years, notch-

ing up her collection of titles to

19 singles, four of them in

Japan, and four doubles vic-

She also gave herself an ear-

ly present of \$27,000 on the

eve of her 27th birthday

Maleeva-Fragniere is sche-

duled to play an exhibition match in Moscow later this

month with former world num-

6-1. 4-6. 7-5.

Monday.

The Sero game in Mount Jahorina, an Or venue in venue in 1984, are rath . .e modest than events . orway and only Serbian spetitors are expected to . acipate.

10C Presiden 1211 Antonio Samaranch s to visit Sarajevo du: e Lillehammer games in a rnow of solidarity with the shattered Bosnian

He has not responded to an invitation from the unrecognised Bosnian Serb Olympic Committee to attend its games, which begin with the lighting of a symbolic flame Monday.

The Lillehammer games opened Saturday with a spectacular \$11 million ceremony and a moment's silence for



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Nadera Flowers ber one Martina Navratilova, to whom she lost in the semi-Abdoun Tel (829422) finals in Tokyo a week ago. Maleeva-Fragniere is giving up to start a family.

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become too costly ie Inupiai Estim as complained alth ays is corporate spir villingness to back rs from rural village ushers claim the state world's found the world's found the world's found the world's than the lidius of than the lidius of the l g than the competition dogs in a leam of

as 20 dogs in late

At least

60 killed

in Somali

clan war

NAIROBI (Agencies) — About 60 people were killed and more than 5,000 driven out of

Somalia's southern port city of

Kismayu in battles between

rival clans, a clan spokesman

The Somali Salvation

Alliance, a group of 12 factions

alligned to Ali Mahdi Moham-

mad, blamed the clashes on

Mr. Ali Mahdi's rival, south Mogadishu warlord Moham-

It said the fighting began on

Thursday when forces loyal to General Aideed's ally Colonel

Ahmad Omar Jess attacked a

camp at Bulo Xaaji 80
kilometres southwest of Kismayu, occupied by followers of
. Ali Mahdi ally Mohammad Said Hersi, known as

The estimate we have is

tbat 60 people were killed and some are still missing, but calm

has now returned to the city."

Dr. Mohammad Omar Jama,

the group's Kismayu-based

spokesman, told Reuters in

The battles in Kismayu, gateway to the fertile south,

were the worst in six months.

had indicated seven killed and

42 wounded in the fighting

which erupted as Western

troops stepped up their with-

Dr. Jama said three people

were killed during Thursday's dawn raid at Bulo Xaaji and

the rest died in the Kismayu

clashes. He said many of Col.

Jess's militia were captured

He said more than 5,000 of

Col. Jess's followers were

driven out of the port city by

Gen. Morgan's forces. Gen.

Morgan himself was away from

Kismayu on a tour of the

In Nairobi, the group of 12

urged Gen. Aideed, who has

been in the Kenyan capital for

the last four weeks, to re-

nounce violence and join the

group in a search for peace.

"The group of I2 earnestly
invites the SNA (Aideed's
Somali National Alliance) to

renounce terrorism, stop its

aggression on other regions,

reconfirm its adherence to the

Addis Ababa peace agreement

United Nations officials see

Kismayu as a flashpoint for

renewed civil war with the pull-

out of U.S. troops and their

Western allies from Somalia by

The U.N. said its Indian and

Zimbabwean peacekeeping

contingents based in Kismayu

were not involved in the

fighting. Dr. Jama said Kismayu was

quiet and back to normal on

Sunday but aid workers who

left on Saturday said violence

was expected to resume after

They believe the Kismayu

fighting is a prelude to more

clashes as clans jockey for posi-

tion to fill a power vacuum caused by the withdrawal of

the U.S. and other Western

Germans withdraw

More than 100 grinning and

visibly relieved German sol-

diers left Somalia on Sunday in

the first wave of some 1,400

troops due home, like their

American counterparts, by the

At Mogadishu port they

which will ferry them along the

boarded the frigate Koeln

Indian Ocean coast to Momba-

The German government wanted to avoid flying them

out of Mogadishn in case-of

attack by Somali militiamen.
From Mombasa they will fly

to Cologne, western Germany.

Germany decided to pull its

troops out last year after

Washington announced the

withdrawal of all U.S. forces

following bloody clashes with

The departure of the first

German soldiers deployed

under arms outside the North

Atlantic Treaty Organisation

area since World War II has

left mounting banditry in Belet

Relief workers from three

agencies pulled out of Belet

Huen, 300 kilometres north-

west of Mogadishu after a gre-

nade blast at the compound of

the U.S.-based International

Medical Corps (IMC) on

It was the latest in a spate of

attacks against foreign aid

workers that have forced relief

officials to shut down opera-

tions in several towns around

Saturday.

the country.

Aideed militiamen.

end of next month.

sa, Kenya.

forces regrouped.

and U.N. resolutions," a state-

ment said

March 31.

northeastern region.

Initial reports on Saturday

Nairobi by telephone.

drawal from Somalia.

said on Sunday.

mad Farah Aideed.

Morgan.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Ties with Israel can wait — Hassan II

CAIRO (R) - King Hassan of Morocco said in an interview published on Sunday that diplomatic relations between Morocco and Israel could wait for a year or so. Morocco also needed: decision by the Arab League before it let Israel open an embassy e said. The interview was published in the international Arabic newspaper Al Sharq Al Awsat. The matter is not in the hands of the Moroccan government alone. It was the Arr: League that decided to break relations so it's up to the league to let each country normalise relations." he said. "I think hat if talks progress between Israel and Syria and between PLO and Israel, then the time for normalisation will be \$2.81." he added. "How many years have passed without relations? Forty years. We can wait a year or some months, because politics is like farming, everything must be done at the right time." Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Foreign Minister Shimon Peres stopped in Morocco on their way back from signing a self-rule agreement with the PLO in Washington last year. Israeli politicians have often visited Morocco although the two states have no formal relations. King Hassan said Mr. Rabin and Mr. Peres told him in September that their only concern was to make the PLO-Israeli agreement work. "We must succeed with the Gaza-Jericho solution," he quoted them as saying.

'Sudan mosque killers sought Tourabi'

KHARTOUM (R) - Gunmen who killed 16 people in Sudan in an attack on an Omdurman mosque intended to assassinate the powerful Islamic leader Hassan Al Turabi, a Sudanese newspaper said on Sunday. Al Sudani Al Doulia did not explain why the gunmen targeted the mosque, belonging to the Ansar Sunna sect of which Dr. Turabi is not a member. But it said they aimed to kill him. Dr. Turabi is the leader of the National Islamic Front. It is technically banned but Dr. Turabi is immensely powerful and is considered the architect of Sudan's move towards Islamic rule. The attack on the mosque on Feb. 4 killed 16 people and wounded at least 20. The newspaper also said a Sudanese had been arrested in connection with the raid. He was the fourth suspect detained. The man, seized in Roseires 460 kilometres southeast of Khartoum, left the capital the day before the attack but had confessed to being involved in its planning, it said.

Saudi watchdog shuts women clubs

RIYADH (AFP) — Saudi religious police have ordered the closure of women's health clubs, a centre owner said. The order was issued two weeks ago to clubs and hotels which run women-only gymnasiums and pools, the owner told AFP. asking not to be named. Dozens of health clubs in Riyadh and the other Saudi cities offer sports and swimming facilities exclusively to women, often along with beauty care. The religious police, or the "mutawain," strictly enforce the

Chad: Libya reinforces Aouzou troops

N'DJAMENA (R) — Chad said Sunday Libya had increased its troops in the Aouzou strip since a decision by the international court of justice awarding the disputed territory to Chad. "Since the publication of the verdict of the international court of justice in the Hague last Feb. 3, we have seen a significant reinforcement of Libyan forces in Aouzou," a presidency statement said. "Raids are being carried out within the Chadian community living in Libya and groups hostile to the Chadian government are being revived." The 20-year dispute over the territory has twice erupted into war between the two countries. Libyan troops have occupied the I10,000square-kilometre Aouzou Strip since 1973, but at hearings before the court last summer, Libya claimed some 500,000 square kilometres of desert thought to contain oil and uranium. Libya argued the border had never been legally defined and its territory stretched south to the 15th Parallel, deep inside Chad. The statement said a delegation led by Chad's Civil Service and Labour Minister Wadel Abdul Kader Kamougue would go to Tripoli on Monday with a message for Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi. "This sending of this delegation is an illustration of the goodwill of the Chadian government to open a new era of friendly and trusting relations between the Chadian and Libyan peoples," it said.

Russia takes shipment of Iraqi uranium

MOSCOW (AFP) - Russia has received a final consignment of enriched uranium extracted from research reactors in Iraq under U.N. resolutions that followed the Gulf war, Interfax news agency reported Sunday. The report, quoting a wellinformed source, said a large shipment of the uranium was airlifted from Baghdad to Koltsovo airport near the Urals city of Yekaterinburg. From there it was shipment overland to a nuclear research centre in the closed city of Chelyabinsk-65 for reprocessing, the report said, giving no further details on when the consignment arrived. Russia has since last year been reprocessing nuclear material from Iraq in line with United Nations orders and under the supervision of the International Atomic Energy (IAEA). The report said the latest shipment brought to an end the operation for transferring nuclear materials from Iraq to Russia.

Rafsanjani's brother replaced as broadcasting chief

NICOSIA (Agencies) — A key Iranian minister was appointed Sunday to head the state-run radio and television network, amid a crusade against Western culture and growing official concern over public disenchantment with the Islamic revolution. Ali Larijani, minister of cul-

ture and Islamic guidance, takes over from Mohammad Hashemi, who ran the Islamic Republic of Iran Broadcasting for 13 years, Tehran Radio reported.

The broadcast did not say who would take over Mr. Larijani's portfolio, or say if Mr. Hashemi, younger brother of Iraniao President Hasbemi Rafsanjani, had been given another job. Tebran Radio said Mr. Lari-

jani's appointment was decreed by Iran's spiritual leader, Ayatollah Ali Khamenei, for a five-year period. The position is one of the most important in the country.

Mr. Larijani also was made a member of the Supreme Council of the Cultural Revolution. Ayatollab Kbamenei's lenghty decree called on Mr. Larijani to devise a new plan to transform the network into a base to enlarge thinking and culture, and a centre to guide the Muslim people of Iran and other admirers of Iran's revolutionary call," the radio

Ayatollah Khamenei underscored that "the final aim of all programmes must be to counter the cultural, news and propaganda invasion" of the

Last year, the Majlis, or parliament, criticised the network for airing Western films and programmes at a time when the government is officially at war with the West's "cultural onslaught."

Western pop music and video tapes of hollywood movies are the rage among Iranian youth.

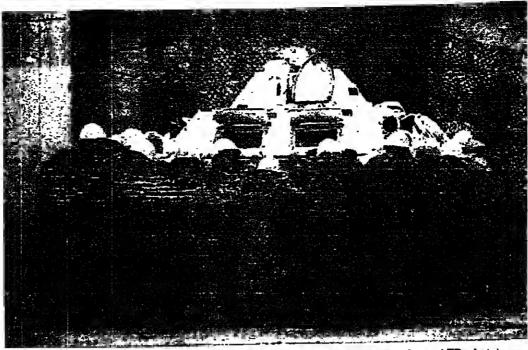
The official media still harps on "the achievements" of the 1979 revolution, which overthrew the pro-Western monarchy, and the "sacrifices" of marters and veterans of th 1980-88 war with Iraq.

But almost haif of the country's 60 million population is below 16 years of age. The emerging generation is too young to remember the revolution or to have fought in the

It is a generation more in-terested in pop music, Hollywood movies distributed by underground video clubs and the ever-popular satellite dish.

"Video equals inviting prostitutes of east and west to your homes," exhort slogans painoed on walls around Tehran.

Newspapers estimate there are more than a million video cassette recorders in Iran, about one in every 10 homes.



Ukrain U.N. soldiers push one of their tanks that broke down Sunday in Sarajevo (AFP photo)

Air strikes within minutes if Serbs fire, Perry says

WASHINGTON (Agencies)
— North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) planes could stage air strikes on Bosnian Serb forces shelling Sarajevo within minutes of an attack, U.S. Defence Secretary William Perry said Sunday.

"From the time of the impact it's a matter of seconds to get the information coordinates to an airplane," Mr. Perry said in a television interview.

As NATO had some 160 planes in place and was providing permanent air cover, an aircraft could be in place to hit the attacking artillery "in the matter of a minute or two," Mr. Perry said.

The NATO last week gave Bosnian Serb forces besieging Sarajevo nntil Feb. 21 to withdraw their heavy artillery from the bills overlooking Sarajevo or hand them over to the United Nations, or face air

But Mr. Perry, and French Foreign Minister Alain Juppe who was interviewed on the same programme, stressed that the airstrikes threat was part of a two-prong strategy which also sought a political solution to the war in Bosnia-Herzego-

build a road in northeast Ye-

men have been kidnapped, a

Chinese diplomat said here

Sunday, a day after Yemeni

tribesmen freed three French

The Chinese were abducted

in a mountainous area while

building a road between Hija.

127 kilometres north of Sanaa

and Maareb, 173 kilometres

east of the capital, the diplo-

It was not clear when the

technicians were kidnapped or

by whom, he said. "We are

The three technicians were

working under the terms of a

Yemen-Chinese cooperation

accord. In the 1980s China

helped the former North Ye-

men build several roads, in-

cluding one between Sanaa

On Saturday Ahnoum

tribesmen freed three French

tourists they had held for 20

days in a bid to force the

government to build a road

through their northwestern re-

Retired French agriculture

pursuing our investigation."

tourists.

mat said.

3 Chinese kidnapped in

Yemen as 3 French freed

SANAA (Agencies) — Three Chinese technicians helping to professors Henri Heslot and his wife Jeanne, both aged 72,

on Sunday.

commander warned Bosnia's warring sides to stop fighting. saying the NATO's threat to use air strikes applied to all

three factions. "I would caution all the warring factions to stop (fighting) because we are ready to respond," said U.S. Admiral Jeremy Boorda, NATO commander of Allied forces in

Southern Europe.
"The U.N. and NATO mandates do not specify one party. They specify (withdrawal of) the weapons of all the warring factioos," he added. Adm.Boorda, U.N. Special

Representative Yasushi Akashi and U.N. peacekeeping commanders spoke to reporters at Zagreb airport after consultations about the NATO ultimatum.

Bosnian Serb forces meanwhile resumed surrendering their Sarajevo siege weapons to U.N. control after earlier calling a halt to the handover, a U.N. official said.

"At least five artillery guns were handed over by the Serb side today and more weapons were delivered by both sides but I'm still waiting for the

and cardiologist Brigitte Fon-

taine, 42 flew back to France

The three were reported to

The kidnappers belonged to

the Ahnoum tribe. They were

angry that work on a highway

going through their territory

was halted years ago and had

Tribal sheikhs who mediated

an end to the captivity signed a

document pledging that the

road will be finished towards

the end of March. Yemeni

Interior Minister Yehya Al

Dozens of foreigners and

Yemenis have been kidnapped

in recent months by tribesmen

who sought to trade them for

concessions from the Sanaa

government. They have all

became the longest held. They

were among a group of about

two dozen French tourists

brought to Yemen on Jan. 15

by the Paris-based agency Club

The three French tourists

been freed unharmed.

be in good health after their

release on Saturday.

never been completed.

Mutawakil said.

Jose Labandeira.

The resumption of the handover came within hours of a statement by General Manojlo Milovanovic, chief of staff of the Bosnian Serb army, that he had ordered his forces to stop

giving in heavy weapons. He said be ordered the halt because the United Nations bad failed to neutralise rival infantry of the Muslim-led Bosnian government. There was no immediate explanation for the apparent change of

The surrender of weapons by both sides, part of a U.N.brokered truce, was the first step in demilitarising Sarajevo.

Members of the families of U.S. and Dutch embassy officials Sunday joined a growing diplomatic exodus from Belgrade flagged as a response to rising fears over the repercussions of NATO airstrikes in Bosnia-Herzegovina.

But diplomats from countries yet to be instructed by their governments to pack their bags played down the evacuations as part of a Western strategy to convince the Serb side that the airstrike

Paris imposes exit permits

the mid-1980s.

need the visas.

The decree, signed by In-terior Minister Charles Pas-

Interior Ministry officials refused to comment on why the order was adopted. It mirrored a measure covering most other

The earlier measure was stricken in 1992 by the state council, France's highest administrative authority, which found that it violated fun-

A ministry official said the requirement, to take effect on April I, was needed because these countries were consi-

als of 13 countries will need exit visas to leave the country, reviving a measure adopted in

qua, was published Saturday in the government's official journal, meaning that it took effect

countries adopted in 1986.

damental rights of movement.

threat was genuine.

PARIS (Agencies) — France decreed Saturday that nation-

The countries include Afghanistan, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, North Korea, Lebanon, Libya, Iran, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Sudan and Yemen. Palestinians will also

dered "sensitive."

BEIRUT (R) - The leader of Lebanon's pro-Iranian Hizbollah (Party of God) urged the Palestinian people Sunday to "exterminate" Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat and bring down his "humiliating" peace deal with Israel. Sheikh Hassan Nasrallah,

the group's secretary-general, said armed struggle was the only means to achieve true peace and vowed guerrilla attacks on Israeli occupation forces in Lebanon would con-

"We call on the Palestinian tion, rise up and seriously work to overthrow the treacherous said at a Hizbollah rally in Beirut. "We call it to exterminate the Zionist, treacherous sented by its black symbol.

Sheikh Nasrallah, flanked by heavily-armed bodyguards, reiterated his group's opposition to Arab-Israeli peace talks and said the process would onlylead to "an Israeli peace on

between the PLO and Israel for limited Palestinian self-rule in the Gaza Strip and Jericho in the West Bank and described a recent pact between the two sides as "a humiliating agreement.

Syria, which is the main power broker in Lebanon and which is negotiating with Israel for the return of the strategic Golan Heights as part of a comprehensive Arab-Israeli peace deal, has denounced the deal. So too has a coalition of Damascus-based and other

Palestinian radicals.

Sheikh Musawi, his wife and five-year-old son were killed in an Israeli helicopter ambush in South Lebanon on Feb. 16, Sheikh Nasrallah, who took

"We renew our commitment

COLUMN

Duchess of York in Croatia

ZAGREB (R) — Britain's Duchess of York arrived in the Croatian coastal city of Split: Saturday to help promote humanitarian aid to Bosnian children. The duchess accompanied the delivery of 105 tonnes of aid organised by the U.S. Americares charity. "Apart from food, medicine and clothes I have brought a little bit of joy for the children of Bosnia", she said, pointing to a hand-made teddy bear. The Croatian News Agency (HINA) quoted her as saying that 600 British women had made dolls for Bosnian children. The duchess, whose marriage to Prince Andrew ended nearly two years ago in separation, is one of Americares'
"ambassadors" promoting
humanitarian relief for Bosnia's needy. Much of the aid is carried to Bosnia overland from Split. The duchess, or "Fergie" as she is known in Britain because of her maiden name of Ferguson, was scheduled to leave for New York Saturday night, HINA said.

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Daily confirms Deng's ailing health

HONG KONG (AFP) — One of Hong Kong's pro-Beijing newspapers, in an unusual acknowledgement, indicated Sunday that the health of China's paramount leader Deng Xiaoping might be slipping. In a report from Shanghai, Wen Wei Po confirmed that Mr. Deng, 89, had to be held by the arms by two of his daughters when he attended a Lunar New Year party there last Wednesday. "Compared with the year before, Deng looked thinner," added the Chinese-language daily, which is often used by Beijing to release sensitive in-formation. The report contrasted with a semi-official China News Service dispatch, carried in other pro-Beijing newspapers Sunday, which claimed Mr. Deng was in "high spirits" and "walked steadily." Similar words had been used to describe Mr. Deng when China's state television carried footage of the Shanghai reception last Thursday, when the four-day Lunar New Year holibegan. Foreign and Chinese viewers who saw the images agreed that Mr. Deng. was showing clear signs of de-teriorating health, including fumbling steps and a vacant look in his eyes.

Russian deputies paid twice Yeltsin's salary

MOSCOW (AFP) - The salary of a Russian parliamentary deputy is almost double that of President Boris Yeltsin, the ITAR-TASS news agency reported. Citing a deputy from the lower house of parliament. the State Duma, the agency said lawmakers received more than 800,000 rubles (\$500) per month compared with Mr. Yeltsin's 450,000 rubles (\$280). Sergei Yushenkov, a deputy of the reformist Russia's Choice grouping, said deputies' salaries were boosted by a number of extra allowances, whereas Mr. Yeltsin's salary was fixed under rules & introduced at the start of the

Minister declines to fund brothels in rural town

ATHENS (AP) - Minister of Labour Evangelos Yannopoulos has rejected a request by a Communist-controlled Construction Workers' Union to fund brothels in their rural town. The union in Levadhia, 110 kilometres (70 miles) northwest of the capital, urged the Socialist minister in a letter "not to neglect the needs of rural Greece." the English lan-guage daily Athens News reported. "Greece is not just Athens. We would like to turn your attention to a problem facing our town. As your perhaps know, our town is lacking in brothels. We urge you to spend some of your energies in helping us create a few, and help with funding... our town has no theatres, no cinemas, no proper sports facilities and of course, no hrothels. Its too much," the union's letter said. Mr. Yannopoulos who has had highly publicised clashes with unions and men of letters over his proposal to give workers free nightclub tickets.

A series of studies, research and meetings with distinguished local medical authorities in Jordan. to establish a new modern hospital with a sophisticated research centre lead to signing a consultancy contract with Shbeilat-Badran Associates (SBA) and Universal Hospital Services (UHS) for design, supervision equipment consultancy and management of the Abu-Lughod International Hospital which will be constructed on an 8000m², plot of land on the main road between Al-Hussein Sport City and Al-Rasheed

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(ON THE WAY TO BE ACHIEVED SOON)

Hizbollah urges Palestinians to kill Arafat

people to escalate its revoluleadership," Sheikh Nasrallah leadership which is repre-Yasser Arafat."

Israeli conditions."

He lashed out at the deal

Mr. Arafat and Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres signed an agreement in Cairo last week to pave the way for implementation of the Gaza-Jericho deal. The agreement gives Israel overall control of border posts and effectively a veto over who enters Gaza and the Jericho area.

Hundreds of Hizbollah fol-

was attended the rally, held to mark the second anniversary of the assassination of Hizbollah leader Sheikh Abbas Musa-

over as the group's leader after Sheikh Musawi, said Hizbollah would continue its guerrilla warfare against Israeli troops in South Lebanon regardless of Israeli threats and assassina-

to our choice... resistance is the only way to regain the land and holy sites and make true and just peace," he said to chants of Allahu Akbar.

Hizbollah guerrillas attack fsraeli and allied militia forces almost daily in a border buffer zone Israel occupied in South Lebanon. Last week four-Israeli soldiers were killed and five wounded in a Hizbollah